



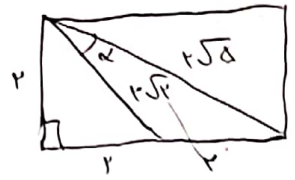
مساحت = 4d

$$\frac{1}{2} \sin \alpha \times 4 \times \sqrt{5} = 4d$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{4 \times \sqrt{5}}{4 \times \sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4}$$

$\sin \alpha$ $\begin{cases} \alpha = 120^\circ \\ \alpha = 40^\circ \end{cases}$

$\frac{\max}{\min} = \frac{120}{40} = 3$



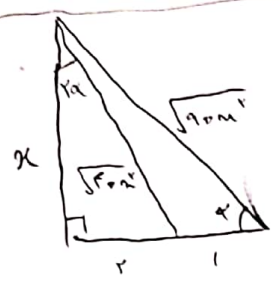
$\cot \alpha = ?$

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2} - x \cdot (\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{5}) \cos \alpha$$

$$r = r - 5 \cos \alpha \implies \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{5}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \frac{r^2}{25}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$\cot \alpha = \frac{r}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}} = 3$



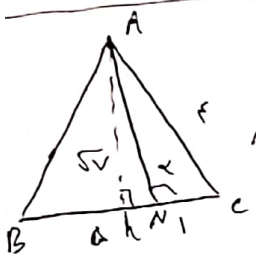
$\cot \alpha = \frac{r}{m} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{m}{\sqrt{9+m^2}} \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{\sqrt{9+m^2}}$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{r \times \frac{m}{\sqrt{9+m^2}} \times \frac{r}{\sqrt{9+m^2}}}{\frac{9}{9+m^2} - \frac{m^2}{9+m^2}} = \frac{4m}{9-m^2} = \frac{4m}{9-m^2}$$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{m}$

$$\frac{4m}{9-m^2} = \frac{r}{m} \implies 4m^2 = 9 - rm^2 \implies 4m^2 = 9 - rm^2$$

$\cot \alpha = \frac{r}{m} = 3$



$hc = r$

$Ah = \sqrt{14-9} = 5$

$AN = \sqrt{14} = \sqrt{11}$

$$r = \sqrt{1^2 + (\sqrt{11})^2} - r \sqrt{11} \cos \alpha$$

$$14 = 11 - r \sqrt{11} \cos \alpha \implies \cos \alpha = \frac{-r}{\sqrt{11}}$$

$$r \sqrt{11} \cos \alpha = -3$$

$$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \frac{9}{11}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{11}}$$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{\frac{5}{\sqrt{11}}}{\frac{-r}{\sqrt{11}}} = \frac{-5}{r}$

$r \sin^2 m + \cos^2 m = \frac{r}{r}$

$\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m + \sin^2 m = \frac{r}{r}$

$\sin^2 m = \frac{1}{r}$

$\cos^2 m = 1 - \sin^2 m = \frac{r-1}{r}$

$\tan^2 m = \frac{\sin^2 m}{\cos^2 m} = \frac{1}{r-1}$

$\tan m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r-1}}$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + r \cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + r \sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha} \implies r - \sin^2 \alpha - (r - \cos^2 \alpha) = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$$

$\boxed{\cos 2\alpha}$

$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + r(1 - \sin^2 \alpha)}{1 + (1 - \sin^2 \alpha)} = \frac{(r - \sin^2 \alpha)}{r - \sin^2 \alpha} = r - \sin^2 \alpha$

ہاں ترتیب سے
دوم امر $r - \cos^2 \alpha$ کی شود

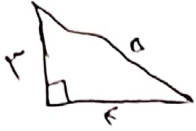
$$\tan \alpha = \frac{f}{p}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{90^\circ}{r} - \alpha\right) \cos\left(\frac{VR}{r} - \alpha\right) - \tan\left(\alpha - \frac{VR}{r}\right) = ?$$

$$\cos \alpha \times \sin \alpha - (-\cot \alpha) = -\sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cot \alpha$$

$$-\frac{r}{a} \times \frac{f}{a} + \frac{r}{f} = \frac{-12}{20} + \frac{r}{f}$$

$$-\frac{12}{100} + \frac{r}{100} = \boxed{0.12V}$$



$$\frac{\pi}{18} = 10^\circ \quad r \cos 40^\circ + \sqrt{r} \sin 10^\circ - \sqrt{r} \cos 10^\circ$$

$$\sin 10^\circ = \sin(40^\circ - 30^\circ) = \sin 40^\circ \cos 30^\circ - \sin 30^\circ \cos 40^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{r}}{2}$$

$$\cos 10^\circ = \cos(40^\circ - 30^\circ) = \cos 40^\circ \cos 30^\circ + \sin 40^\circ \sin 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{r}}{2}$$

$$r \times \frac{1}{r} + \sqrt{r} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{r}}{2} \right) - \sqrt{r} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{r}}{2} \right) = \frac{r}{r} + \frac{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{r} - \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{r}}{2} = \frac{r}{r} - 1 = \boxed{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{f} \quad \left(r \sin \frac{\alpha}{r} + \cos \frac{\alpha}{r} = 1 \right)$$

$$\sin \frac{\alpha}{r} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \quad \cos \frac{\alpha}{r} = \frac{f}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = r \sin \frac{\alpha}{r} \cos \frac{\alpha}{r} = r \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \times \frac{f}{\sqrt{14}} = \frac{r}{14}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \cos^2 \frac{\alpha}{r} - \sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{r} = \frac{14}{14} - \frac{1}{14} = \frac{13}{14}$$

$$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{\frac{r}{14} - \frac{r}{14}}{\frac{13}{14} - \frac{r}{14}} = \frac{0}{\frac{13-r}{14}} = 0$$

$$\frac{14 \times 14 - 14 \times 14}{14 \times 14} \times \frac{14}{-14} = \frac{14}{14} \times \frac{-1}{14}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-14}{100}}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} r \sin \alpha &< \sin r \alpha \\ r \sin \alpha &< r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \end{aligned} \right\} \cos \alpha > 0$$

اگر $\cos \alpha = 1$ باشد $\sin \alpha$ عددی منفی بوده که بعین این اتفاق افتد $\leftarrow \sin \alpha < 0$

بعبارت گناری 45° ناقص جواب یعنی دهد
اگر 45° - جواب می دهد

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \cos \alpha &> 0 \\ \sin \alpha &< 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \boxed{\text{ربع چهارم}}$$