

$$\frac{1}{|\cos x|} - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \frac{1 - \sin x}{|\cos x|}$$

$$\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{\sin^2 x}}$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \frac{\sin x}{|\cos x|} \Rightarrow |\cos x| = \cos x \Rightarrow \cos x > 0$$

$$|\sin x| = \sin x$$

$$\sin x > 0$$

رابع اول

$$-\frac{\pi}{4} < 2x < \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < \frac{m-1}{\sqrt{2}} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$-1 < m-1 < 1$$

$$-1 < m < 2$$

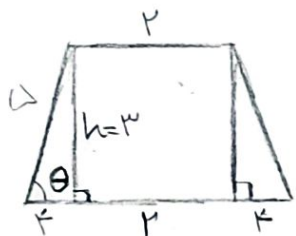
$$\frac{r}{\sin 2x} = -c$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{(\sin x + \cos x)(\sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x)}$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^2 = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x + 2\sin x \cos x = 1 - \frac{r}{c} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin x + \cos x = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\left(\frac{-\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin 2x\right) \left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{2}}\right)} = \frac{1}{\frac{r\sqrt{2}}{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin 2x\right)} = \frac{-2}{r\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin 2x\right)}$$



$$\sin \theta = \frac{h}{a} = \frac{c}{10} \Rightarrow h = c$$

$$S = \frac{(10+r)c}{2} = 18$$

$$(-\cot \omega)(\tan \omega) - (\sin \omega)(-\sin \omega) = -1 + \sin^2 \omega = -\cos^2 \omega \Rightarrow k = -1$$

$$A = \sqrt{r} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) (-\cos 2V) - \sqrt{r} \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) (-\cos 2V) = \frac{A}{\sqrt{2}} \cos 2V$$

$$\frac{\frac{A}{\sqrt{2}} \cos 2V}{\cos 2V} = \frac{A}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1.7 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$= k \left(\frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c}{r}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{7 + c\sqrt{2}}{14}$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{-\frac{c}{2}} = \frac{r \tan \frac{x}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{x}{2}} \Rightarrow -\frac{c}{2} - \frac{c}{2} \tan^2 \frac{x}{2} = r \tan \frac{x}{2}$$

$$1 - \sin x = r + r \sin x$$

$$a \sin x = -c \quad \sin x = \frac{-c}{a}$$

$$\frac{c}{2} \tan^2 \frac{x}{2} + r \tan \frac{x}{2} + \frac{c}{2} = 0$$

$$\tan \frac{x}{2} = \frac{-r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - \frac{c^2}{4}}}{-\frac{c}{2}} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} \leq x \leq \frac{3\pi}{4} \quad \frac{\pi}{4} \leq \frac{x}{2} \leq \frac{3\pi}{8} \Rightarrow \tan \frac{x}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{x \sin \frac{\theta}{r} \cos \frac{\theta}{r}}{x \sin \frac{\theta}{r}} + \frac{x \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{r}}{x \sin \frac{\theta}{r} \cos \frac{\theta}{r}} = r \cos \frac{\theta}{r} \Rightarrow k = r$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{5} + \alpha\right) = \cos\frac{4\pi}{5} \cos\alpha - \sin\frac{4\pi}{5} \sin\alpha = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}\right) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{10}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{10}\right)$$

-10

$$\cos^2\alpha + \sin^2\alpha = 1$$

$$\cos^2\alpha = \frac{91}{100}$$

$$\cos\alpha = \frac{\sqrt{91}}{10}$$

$$= \frac{5}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = 0,4$$