

فول

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$$\sqrt{\frac{(x-1)^2 - x^2}{x(x-1)}} = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 2x + 1 - x^2}{x(x-1)}} = \sqrt{\frac{-2x+1}{x(x-1)}} \rightarrow \frac{-2x+1}{x(x-1)} > 0 \quad (1)$$

$$+\frac{0}{1} - \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} - \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, 1)$$

$$\frac{-x-2}{x^2+x} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x+1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -1 \\ (x-1)(x+2) \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1, -2 \end{cases} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-2, -1, 1\}$$

$$+\frac{-2}{1} - \frac{0}{1} + \frac{0}{1} - \quad D_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt{y+1} = 1 - \sqrt{x-1} \xrightarrow{y+1=9+\sqrt{x-1}-4\sqrt{x-1}} y+1 = 9 + \sqrt{x-1} - 4\sqrt{x-1}$$

$$y = 8 + \sqrt{x-1} - 4\sqrt{x-1} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \\ 1 - \sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 17 \end{array} \right\} D_f = [1, 17]$$

$$x^2 - x - 2 > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{9}}{2} = 2, -1 \quad \frac{-1}{2} - \frac{2}{2} = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$1 + x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x+1) > 0 \quad \frac{-1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt{x^2-1} + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \checkmark \quad \cap D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$-\frac{2}{1} + \frac{b}{1} - \quad \frac{-a \pm \sqrt{a^2+12}}{-2} = -2 \rightarrow -a - \sqrt{a^2+12} = 4$$

$$-(x+2)(x-\frac{2}{1}) = (x^2 + \frac{1}{1}x - \frac{2}{1}) = x^2 - \frac{1}{1} + 2 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} a = -\frac{1}{1} \\ b = \frac{2}{1} \end{array} \right\} \oplus \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$2x+3-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x+3 \geq 0 \rightarrow -3 \leq x$$

$$2x+3=x \rightarrow x=-3$$

$$2x-2=x \rightarrow 2x-2=0 \rightarrow x=1$$

$$-\frac{3}{1} + \frac{1}{1} + \quad D_f = [-3, +\infty)$$

$$f(-1) = \cancel{1+1} + \cancel{1+1} + 1a + 1x \rightarrow 1a - 1 \quad -9$$

$$f(a) = (a+1)V \rightarrow Va + V \quad 1a + 1 = 1a - 1 \rightarrow 10a = -11$$

$$a = \frac{-11}{10} = \boxed{-\frac{9}{10}}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(1-\sqrt{x}) &\rightarrow 1-\sqrt{x}+1 \rightarrow 2-\sqrt{x} \\ f(1+\sqrt{x}) &\rightarrow 1+\sqrt{x}+1 \rightarrow 2+\sqrt{x} \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} &+ \frac{1+\sqrt{x}+1}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x}} + 1 + \frac{1-\sqrt{x}+1}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{x}} + 1 \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{x}(1+\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x}(1-\sqrt{x}) + 4}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{x}} \end{aligned}$$

$$1f(x) - 1f(-x) = (x^1 - x) - \frac{x^1}{x}, \quad 1f(x) - 9f(-x) = 11x^1 - 1x \quad -11$$

$$1f(-x) - 1f(x) = x - 1x^1 \frac{x^1}{x}, \quad 9f(-x) - 9f(x) = 11x - 11x^1$$

$$-11f(x) = -11x^1 + x \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{11x^1 - x}{11} = \frac{x(11-x)}{11}$$

$$(x+1)f(0) - 11xf(x) = 11m-1 \quad -9$$

$$1f(0) = 11m-1 \rightarrow f(0) = \frac{11m-1}{1}$$

$$\xrightarrow{-1} 9f(0) = (9+11m+11m-1) \rightarrow \frac{11m+11m}{9} = \frac{11m-1}{1} \rightarrow 10m+10m = 11m-9$$

$$11m = 11 \rightarrow m = 1, 0 \quad \frac{11m-1}{1} = \frac{11, 0}{1} = (9, 11)$$

$$f(-1) + f(-1) = \frac{11+11+11}{-1} \rightarrow 1f(-1) = -11 \rightarrow f(-1) = \boxed{-9} \quad -10$$

$$-a+b = -9$$