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الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1}}$

(2)

$$\frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \quad \frac{(x-1)^2 - x^2}{x(x-1)} \geq 0 \quad \frac{(x-1-x)(x-1+x)}{x(x-1)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-(2x-1)}{x(x-1)} \geq 0$$

x	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
	$+$	$-$	$+$

$D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, 1)$ ✓

ب) $f(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x}}{\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+2}} = \frac{\frac{x-2(x+1)}{x(x+1)}}{\frac{x(x+2) + (x-1)}{(x-1)(x+2)}} = \frac{\frac{x-2x-2}{x(x+1)}}{\frac{x^2+x+2x-1}{(x-1)(x+2)}} = \frac{\frac{-x-2}{x(x+1)}}{\frac{x^2+3x-1}{(x-1)(x+2)}}$

$x(x+1) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0, -1$

$x^2+3x-1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{13}}{2}$

$(x-1)(x+2) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1, -2$

✓ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0, -1, \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{13}}{2}, 1, -2\}$

- سوال 2

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{((\frac{1}{x})^x - 9)(32 - x^x)}$
 به ازای x های $\frac{1}{x} > 9$ $\Rightarrow x < \frac{1}{9}$
 به ازای x های $32 - x^x > 0$ $\Rightarrow x^x < 32$
 به ازای x های $x^x < 32$ $\Rightarrow x < 2$

$(\frac{1}{x})^x = 9 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{9}$

$32 = x^x \Rightarrow x = 2$

x	$-\frac{1}{9}$	2
	$+$	$-$

$D_f = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{9}) \cup (2, +\infty)$ ✓

(2)

ب) $\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} = 3 \quad x-1 \geq 0 \quad y+1 \geq 0 \quad I$

$\Rightarrow \sqrt{y+1} = 3 - \sqrt{x-1} \Rightarrow 3 - \sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x-1} \leq 3 \Rightarrow x-1 \leq 9 \Rightarrow x \leq 10$

$I, II \Rightarrow 1 \leq x \leq 10 \Rightarrow D_f = [1, 10]$ ✓

سوال ۱۳ -

④

$$\begin{array}{c} I, II \\ \searrow \\ \cap \end{array}$$

مسو (د) ۲۴ -

④

$$x = -2$$

$$g(n) = \sqrt{f(n) - n} \Rightarrow f(n) - n \geq 0 \rightarrow f(n) \geq n$$

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$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \psi_{n-2}, n \Rightarrow \psi_{n-2} \Rightarrow x > 1; x > 1 \rightarrow \text{هوانه بجزار} \\ \psi_{n+2}, n \Rightarrow \psi_{n+2} \Rightarrow x < -1 \Rightarrow -3 \leq x < -1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$r f(\omega) = f(-r) + a$$

سوال ۶ - (۵، ۱)

$$f(r_1\sqrt{r_2}) + f(r_2\sqrt{r_1}) \frac{1}{\sqrt{r_1-r_2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r_1\sqrt{r_2}}}{\sqrt{r_1+r_2}} = \frac{\sqrt{r_1\sqrt{r_2}}}{\sqrt{r_1-r_2}}$$

سوال ۷ -

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{r+\sqrt{r}}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r-\sqrt{r}}}{\sqrt{r-\sqrt{r}}} = \frac{\sqrt{r-\sqrt{r}}}{\sqrt{r^2-r}} = \textcircled{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} r f(n) - r f(n-1) = (n-1)^{r-1} & \text{--- } \textcircled{1} \\ r f(n-1) - r f(n) = (n-1)^{r-1} & \text{--- } \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(n) - (n-1)^{r-1} = r f(n-1) - (n-1)^{r-1} \Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n-1) + (n-1)^{r-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n-1) + (n-1)^{r-1} + (n-1)^{r-1} + \dots + (n-1)^{r-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n-1) + (n-1)^{r-1} + (n-1)^{r-1} + \dots + (n-1)^{r-1}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{(n-1)^r}{r} \quad \checkmark$$

$$(n+1)f(n) - n f(n+1) = (n-1)^{r-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(n) - r f(n+1) = (n-1)^{r-1} \Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n+1) + (n-1)^{r-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n+1) + (n-1)^{r-1} \Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n+1) + (n-1)^{r-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n+1) + (n-1)^{r-1} \Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n+1) + (n-1)^{r-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n+1) + (n-1)^{r-1} \Rightarrow r f(n) = r f(n+1) + (n-1)^{r-1}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{(n-1)^r}{r}$$

$$a x + b + \frac{a}{x} + b = \frac{a x^2 + b x + a + b x}{x} = \frac{a x^2 + 2 b x + a}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = r x - 1 \Rightarrow y = r(-1) - 1 = -r - 1 \quad \checkmark$$