

شماره ۵

نادره

آینا

$$f(x+1) = \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x-1} - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^x = 1 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$D_f = [0, 1]$$

$$f(-x) = \sqrt{-x + |-x+2|}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -2x+2 & x < 1 \rightarrow x \leq 1 \\ -x & x = 1 \\ 2 & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, 1] \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$D_f = (-2, 1] \cup (1, 2)$$

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$$x(9x^2 - 6x - 4) = 0$$

$$9x^2 - 6x - 4 = (3x^2 - x - 2)(3x^2 + x + 1)$$

$$\begin{matrix} \downarrow & \downarrow \\ -1 & -\frac{2}{3} \\ a & b \end{matrix} \quad \sqrt{-(-4)} = 2$$

$$f(x) = x(x^2+1) \rightarrow \sqrt{x(x^2+1)} - \frac{x}{x^2} \left(\frac{1}{x^2}+1\right) = x^2 + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\sqrt{a - \frac{x}{a}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{a^2 - x}{a}}$$

$$\frac{x}{x^2} \frac{1}{x^2} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2}$$

$$D_f = [-1, 0) \cup [1, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{(a+1)(a-1)}{a}} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} a = -1 \rightarrow x = -1 \\ a = 1 \rightarrow x = 1, x = 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$f(1) = 1(1^2+1) = 2$$

$$x^2 + x = 2 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$f(0) = 0(0^2+1) = 0$$

$$x^2 + x = 0 \rightarrow x = 0$$

$$V+1 = \text{A}$$

$$g(x) = (x+3)^3 - 2V \rightarrow (\sqrt[3]{2V})^3 - 2V = -2_0 \rightarrow \frac{-2_0}{1_0} = -2$$

$$f(x) = (x-1)^3 + 1 \rightarrow (\sqrt[3]{1})^3 + 1 = 1_0$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(x) &= \sqrt{(\sqrt{x-5}+2)^2} \\ g(x) &= \sqrt{(\sqrt{x-5}-2)^2} \end{aligned} \right\} \oplus \sqrt{x-5} \begin{cases} a=0 \\ b=2 \\ c=-5 \end{cases} \quad \frac{2}{-5} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \left\{ \begin{aligned} &(\cancel{2, -1}), (\cancel{1, \frac{1}{2}}), (\cancel{3, \frac{1}{0}}), (0, \frac{2}{3}) \\ &(\cancel{2, 1}) \quad (0, 4) \end{aligned} \right\} \quad \frac{f}{f}$$

$$\frac{f(g)}{f(f)} = \left\{ (2, -\frac{1}{2}), (0, 4) \right\}$$

$$f(x^2) = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{4}, 2\right), \left(\frac{9}{4}, -1\right), (2, 2), \left(-\frac{1}{4}, 4\right) \right\}$$

$$f(x^2) = \left\{ (1, 2), (\sqrt{3}, -1), (2, 2), (\cancel{1, 4}) \right\}$$

$$\sqrt{g^2(x)+1} = \left\{ (-2, 18), (1, 2), (3, 18), (-1, 0) \right\}$$

$$+1 \rightarrow \left\{ (-2, 19), (1, 3), (3, 19), (-1, 1) \right\}$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\left\{ (1, \frac{1}{2}), (3, -1), (\cancel{1, 4}) \right\}}{\left\{ (1, -1), (3, 2), (\cancel{1, 0}) \right\}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \left\{ (1, -\frac{1}{2}), (3, -1) \right\}$$