

الف)  $y = q + |r - q| \cdot \begin{cases} r - q : q \geq r \rightarrow [r, +\infty) \\ -q + r : q < r \rightarrow (r, +\infty) \end{cases} \Rightarrow R_f = [r, +\infty)$  ✓ (1)

۵) ب

$$|v_n - v| - |n + v| = k$$

$$k < v \rightarrow x$$

$$k > v \rightarrow x$$

$$\Rightarrow k = -v$$

$$\begin{cases} -v + \omega : n < -v \\ -v + \omega : -v \leq n \leq v \\ v - \omega : n > v \end{cases}$$

$$f(1) = -v$$

$$\downarrow_{m+n}$$

$$R$$

الف)  $y = x + \frac{x}{|x|} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x+1 & ; x > 0 \\ \text{تعريف صفر} & ; x = 0 \\ x-1 & ; x < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow$

$R_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \infty)$

ج)  $y = x|x| - \frac{x}{|x|} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 - 1 & ; x > 0 \\ 0 & ; x = 0 \\ -x^2 + 1 & ; x < 0 \end{cases}$

→ →  $R_f = \mathbb{R}$  (2)

$\text{if } y = [x] - 1x \rightarrow$ 


$y = [x] |x| \rightarrow$  چپ  
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a)  $y = \lceil x \rceil - \lceil x \rceil \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 & x \in \mathbb{Z} \\ [0, 1) & x \notin \mathbb{Z} \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = [0, 1) \quad \checkmark$   
 ب)  $y = \lceil x \rceil - \lceil x \rceil \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 & x \in \mathbb{Z} \\ [0, 1) & x \notin \mathbb{Z} \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = [0, 1) \quad \checkmark$   
 ج)  $y = x - \omega \left\lfloor \frac{x}{\omega} \right\rfloor \rightarrow \begin{cases} [1, \omega] & \frac{x}{\omega} \notin \mathbb{Z} \\ [0, 1) & \frac{x}{\omega} \in \mathbb{Z} \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = [0, \omega) \quad \checkmark$

$$\lambda) y = [x] \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 & x \in \mathbb{Z} \\ (-1)^x & x \notin \mathbb{Z} \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = \langle 2 \rangle \quad \checkmark$$



الف)  $y = \sqrt{3} \sin x + \cos x \rightarrow [-\sqrt{1^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2}, \sqrt{1^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2}] = R_f$  ✓

ب)  $y = r \sin \alpha - r' \cos \alpha \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -\sqrt{r} \sqrt{(-r')^2}, \sqrt{r^2 + (-r')^2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\omega, \omega \end{bmatrix} = R_f$  ✓

c.)  $y = [r \sin \alpha + \omega \cos \alpha] \Rightarrow [-\sqrt{19}, \sqrt{19}]$ ,  $R_f = \{-\frac{1}{2}, -\omega, -15, -3, -1, -2, 0, 1, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 3, 15, \omega\}$  ✓

$$\rightarrow y = \sqrt{a} \cos u - \sqrt{a} \sin u \rightarrow R_f = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{a} \end{bmatrix}$$

ii)  $y = \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x + 7$   $a=1, b=3, c=7$   $\frac{-1}{-2} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow R_f = [0, 9]$  ✓

ب)  $y = V \sin \alpha + V \sin \alpha$   $\begin{matrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{matrix}$   $\begin{matrix} V \\ V \\ V \end{matrix}$   $\rightarrow R_f = \left[ \frac{V}{\lambda}, V \right]$  ✓

الف)  $y = \sin^4 x + \cos^4 x = 1 + \cos^2 x \rightarrow R_f \geq [1, 2]$  ✓

$$b) y = \frac{r \cot x}{1 + \cot^2 x} = \frac{\frac{r \cos x}{\sin x}}{\frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}} = \frac{\frac{r \cos x}{\sin x}}{\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}} = r \cos x \sin x = \sin^2 x$$

الف)  $y = \sin x + \cos x \rightarrow \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 1\right] = R_f$  ✓

از برایست فقط عدد صحیح  $\{0, 1\}$    
 معیاد بیرون

$$\text{civ) } y = \frac{1x^r + 1x - 1}{x+1^r} = \frac{(x+1)(x-1)}{x+1^r} = x-1 = R_f = R - \{1\} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{x^r - 1}{x - 1} = \frac{(x-1)(x^{r-1} + x^{r-2} + \dots + x + 1)}{(x-1)} = x^{r-1} + x^{r-2} + \dots + x + 1 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{b}{r a} = \frac{1}{r} \\ x = -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} + 1 = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$f_{(1)} = f_{(2)} = 1$  وابه همین

۳ حذف غنة (سهم است)

$R_f = \left[ \frac{w}{12} \cdot 9 + \infty \right] \sim 0.11$