

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} \quad g = \{(-1,1), (0,4), (2,0), (1,2)\}$$

$$1-x^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow 1 \geq x^2 \Rightarrow 1 \geq x \geq -1$$

$$\Rightarrow f \cdot g = \{(-1,2), (1,4), (0,5)\} \Rightarrow \omega + f + 1 = 11$$

$$f(x) = 2x-1 \quad P_f = [2, +\infty) \xrightarrow[\alpha > 0]{f(\alpha) = \omega} R_f = [\omega, +\infty)$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{3}x + 3 \rightarrow P_g = (-\infty, 3] \xrightarrow[\alpha < 0]{g(\alpha) = f} R_g = (-\infty, f]$$

$$R_f \cup R_g = (-\infty, f] \cup [\omega, +\infty)$$

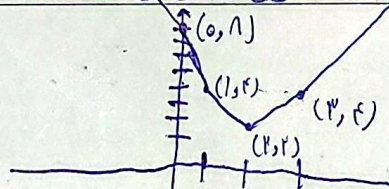
$$y = \frac{-x^2}{p} + x + 3 \quad R_f = (a, b) > \frac{p}{r} \quad \sqrt{b-a} = ?_{\max}$$

$$y_{\max} = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{-1} = 1 \quad y_{\max} = -\frac{1}{p}(1)^2 + 1 + 3 = -\frac{1}{p} + f = 3, \omega = \frac{p}{r}$$

$$(a, b) \rightarrow (\frac{p}{r}, \frac{p}{r}) \quad a = \frac{p}{r}, b = \frac{p}{r} \quad \sqrt{b-a} = \sqrt{\frac{p}{r} - \frac{p}{r}} = \sqrt{\frac{f}{-1}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$y = |x-1| + |x-3| + |2x-4|$$

$$y = \begin{cases} f(x-1) & ; x \geq 3 \\ 2x-2 & ; 2 \leq x \leq 3 \\ -2x+6 & ; 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -f(x-1) & ; x \leq 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

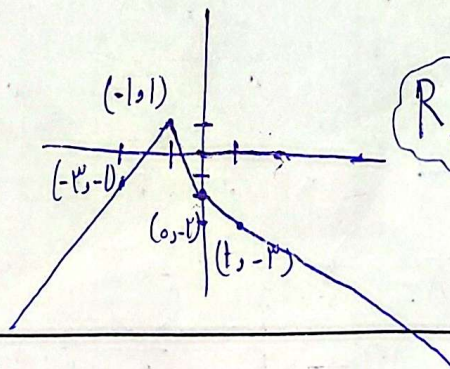


$$\Rightarrow R_f = [2, +\infty)$$

$\Rightarrow$ $\frac{f}{r} = 2$

$$y = |x| - 2|x+1|$$

$$y = \begin{cases} -x-2 & ; x \geq 0 \\ -3x-2 & ; -1 \leq x \leq 0 \\ x+2 & ; x \leq -1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$



$$R_f = (-\infty, 1]$$

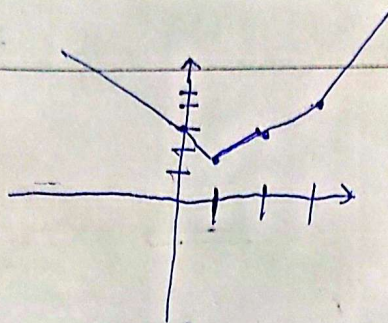
$$y = \frac{x^p + \omega x + m}{x+1} \quad R_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$y(x+1) = x^p + \omega x + m \Rightarrow x^p + (\omega - y)x + (m - y) = 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta \leq 0} (\omega - y)^p - 1(m - y) = y^p - y + (\omega - y)^p$$

$$\xrightarrow{\Delta \leq 0} y^p - y + (\omega - y)^p - 1(m - y) = (-y)^p - 1(\omega - y) = y^p - 1\omega + 1y = y^p - \omega + y \leq 0$$

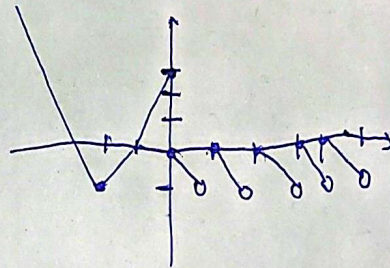
$$\Rightarrow m \leq 1 \quad m = f(x) \Rightarrow m < 1$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1; & x \geq 1 \\ x^p - 1\omega + 1; & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ |x|+1; & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



$$R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^p + (x+1)^p; & x \leq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)^p - 1 \\ [(x) - 1^p; & x > 0 \end{cases}$$



$$R_f = [-1, +\infty)$$

$$y = a + 1 - \sqrt[p]{x+1} \quad D_f = [b, +\infty) \quad R_f = (-\infty, a] \quad ab = ?$$

$$x+1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -1 \Rightarrow b = -1 \quad x = -1 \Rightarrow y_{\max} = a + 1 - 0 = a + 1$$

$$R_f = (-\infty, a+1] \Rightarrow a+1 = \omega \Rightarrow a = \omega$$

$$a \times b = f\left(-\frac{\omega}{p}\right) = -y$$

$$f(x) = 1 - \sqrt{x+1} + 1 - \sqrt{1-x} \quad f(x) + g(x) = 1 - \sqrt{1+1-x} \quad D_f = D_g$$

$$y = \frac{f(x)}{y} - \frac{g(x)}{y} \rightarrow R_y = ? \quad 1 - \sqrt{1+1-x} = 1 - (\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x})$$

$$g(x) = 1 - (\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}) - f(x) = (1-1)\sqrt{1+x} + (1-1)\sqrt{1-x} = \sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$\frac{f}{y} = \frac{1}{y}\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{1}{y}\sqrt{1-x} \Rightarrow \frac{f}{y} - \frac{g}{y} = \left(\frac{1}{y}\sqrt{1+x} + \frac{1}{y}\sqrt{1-x}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{y}\sqrt{1+x} - \frac{1}{y}\sqrt{1-x}\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{1-x} \Rightarrow D_y = [-1, 1] \Rightarrow R_y = [0, \sqrt{2}]$$