

⑥ → الف) $xy'' + x' + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow xy'' = -x' - 1 \Rightarrow y'' = \frac{-(x'+1)}{x}$ (1)
 $\Rightarrow y'' = \frac{-(x'+1)}{x}, y'' = \frac{-x'-1}{x} \Rightarrow y_1' y_2' \Rightarrow y_1 y_2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\text{تابع هست}}$ ✓

تابع نقطه $(1, \frac{3}{4})$ → $(x-1)^2 + (y-\frac{3}{4})^2 = 0$ ب)

⑦ → الف) $x \sin y = y \sin x \Rightarrow x \sin y = 0 \Rightarrow y \sin x = 0 \Rightarrow y = 0$ (2)

برای x و y بی نهایت جدا ✓ ب) $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} + \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = 2 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} + \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} = 2 \Rightarrow \frac{x}{\sqrt{xy}} + \frac{y}{\sqrt{xy}} = 2$

$\Rightarrow x+y = 2\sqrt{xy} \Rightarrow x^2 - 2xy + y^2 = 0 \Rightarrow (x-y)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x=y$ تابع هست ✓

⑧ → $y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 7x + 4}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 10x + 14}}$ به سوال توجه کن
 $\Rightarrow y = \frac{\sqrt{(x-1)(x-4)}}{\sqrt{(x-1)(x-2)}}$
 $(x-1)(x-4) \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, 1] \cup [4, +\infty)$
 $(x-1)(x-2) \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, 1] \cup (2, +\infty)$
 $-9x + 14 > 0 \Rightarrow x < \frac{14}{9}$
 $\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1] \cup (2, 4] \cup (1, +\infty)$

ب) $\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 7x + 4}{x^2 - 10x + 14}}$ (1)
 $\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1] \cup (2, 4] \cup (1, +\infty)$

⑧ → الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x-2}} + \sqrt{\frac{2-x}{x}}$ (1)
 $\frac{x-1}{x-2} \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, 1] \cup (2, +\infty)$ (2)
 $\frac{2-x}{x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \in (0, 2]$ (3)
 $\Rightarrow D_f = (0, 1] \cup (2, 2]$ ✓ (2)

ب) $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y-1} = \sqrt{2}$ (1)
 $\Rightarrow x \geq 0, y-1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow y \geq 1$ (2)
 $\Rightarrow x \leq 2$ (3)
 $\Rightarrow D_f = [0, 2] \Rightarrow D_f = [0, 2]$ ✓

Subject.

Date.

$$(10) \quad y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x-1} \Rightarrow (-\infty, 1) \cup [1, \infty)$$

$$\frac{1}{x-1} \Rightarrow (-\infty, 1) \cup (\frac{1}{p}, +\infty)$$

$$\Rightarrow (-\infty, 1) \cup (\frac{1}{p}, +\infty) \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (\frac{1}{p}, +\infty)$$

(1, \infty)

$$b) \quad \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}}$$

$$\frac{1}{x-1} \Rightarrow (-\infty, 1) \cup (\frac{1}{p}, +\infty)$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \left[\frac{1}{p}, 1, \infty \right) \cup \{1\} \right\}$$