

$$A \times B = \{(1,1)(1,2)(2,1)(2,2)(3,1)(3,2)\}$$

$$B \times B = \{(1,1)(1,2)(2,1)(2,2)\}$$

$$A \times B = B^A = \{(1,1)(1,2)\}$$

$$\text{الف) } f(x) = \{(x, m^x), (x, 1), (-x, m), (-x, m), (x, m+1), (m, x)\}$$

$$m^x = m+x$$

$$m^x - m - x = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} b=0, a=x \\ m=-1 \\ m=x+1 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow m=-1$$

$$\text{ب) } f(x) = \{(x, m^x), (x, 1), (m, x), (x, m+1), (-x, m), (-1, x)\}$$

$$m^x = m+x$$

$$m^x - m - x = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} b=0, a=x \\ m=-1 \\ m=x+1 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow m=-1$$

برای هر x که $m=-1$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x-1 & ; x \leq 1 \\ ax+b & ; 1 < x < 2 \\ 2^x & ; x \geq 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} a=1 \\ 1-1 = a+b \\ 2+b = 1 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} a=1 \\ b=-1 \end{matrix}$$

$$a+b=0$$

$$a=1$$

$$b=-1$$

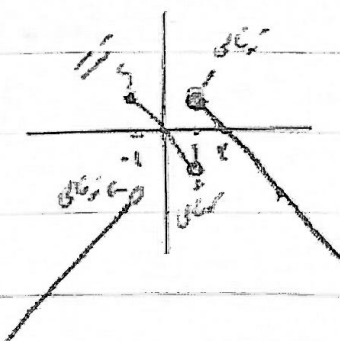
$$ax+b = 1x-1 = -1$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x-1 & ; x \geq K \\ f(x) & ; x < K \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} a=K \\ K-1 = f(K) \end{matrix}$$

$$K=V$$

$$K = \frac{V}{a} = 1.5$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x+1 & ; x > 1 \\ -x & ; -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ x-1 & ; x < -1 \end{cases}$$



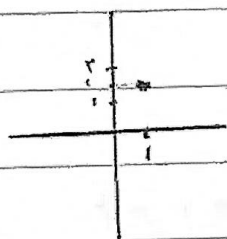
$$Df = R - \{1\}$$

$$Rf = (-\infty, 1]$$

الف) $xy'' + x^2 + 1 = 0$ if $(x, y_1) \in f$ $\Rightarrow y_1 = y_2$
if $(x, y_2) \in f$

$xy_1'' + x^2 + 1 = 0$ $xy_1'' = -x^2 - 1$ $xy_2'' = xy_1'' \Rightarrow y_1'' = y_2'' = y_1' = y_2'$
 $xy_2'' + x^2 + 1 = 0$ $xy_2'' = -x^2 - 1$ تابع است ✓

ب) $x^2 + 4y^2 - 2x - 12y + 10 = 0 \Rightarrow (x^2 - 2x + 1) + (4y^2 - 12y + 9)$



نقطه است

تابع است ✓

$(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow$ دو محور

$x=1$ $y=3$
 $y=3$

الف) $x \sin y = y \sin x$ $\Rightarrow$ $x \sin y = y \sin x$ $\Rightarrow$ هر کس در نقطه دیگری $\Rightarrow$ تابع نیست ✗

ب) $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} + \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = 2$ $\Rightarrow$ $\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} = 2$ $\Rightarrow$ $\frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy} = 2$

$\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} = 2$

$\frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy} = 2 \Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 2xy$
 $x^2 + y^2 - 2xy = 0$

$(x-y)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x=y$ $\Leftarrow$ تابع است ✓ $x=y$ در x و y متغیر هستند

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x-3}} + \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{x}}$

$x \neq 3, 0$

$\frac{1}{x-3} + \frac{1}{x}$

$\frac{1}{x-3} + \frac{1}{x}$

$|Df| = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

ب) $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y-1} = \sqrt{2}$

$\sqrt{y-1} = \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{x}$

$\sqrt{y-1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{x} \geq 0$

$y-1 = 2 - 2\sqrt{x} + x$
 $y = 3 - 2\sqrt{x} + x$
 $Df = \begin{pmatrix} 1-1/\sqrt{x} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\sqrt{x} \geq \sqrt{2}$

$x \geq 2$

$Df = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Date:

Subject:

$$x) \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}} \Rightarrow 1 \quad \frac{1}{x-2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x-2}$$

9

$$-4x+4 > 0$$

$$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$y) \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}} \Rightarrow 1 \quad \frac{1}{x-2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x-2}$$

$$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$x) \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}} \Rightarrow 1 \quad \frac{1}{x-2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x-2}$$

$$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$\frac{1}{x-2}$$

1.

$$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$y) \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}} \Rightarrow 1 \quad \frac{1}{x-2}$$

$$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$