

$$y = -a^2 + ba + 3$$

$$y_{\max} = 7 \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = 7 \Rightarrow \frac{-(b+12)}{2} = 7 \Rightarrow b+12 = -14 \Rightarrow b = -26$$

هر دو مقدار a و b برای y قابل قبول است زیرا که هر دو مقدار y برابر ۷ می باشد $\Rightarrow b = -26$

الف) $f(a) = a^2 + 2a^2 + 3$ $a^2 = t \rightarrow t^2 + 2t + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta = 4 - 12 < 0$
ریشه ندارد (صفر تابع ندارد)

ب) $f(a) = (4-a^2)^2 - 2(4-a^2) - 15$ $4-a^2 = t \rightarrow t^2 - 2t - 15 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (t-5)(t+3) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} t=5 \Rightarrow 4-a^2=5 \Rightarrow a^2+1=0 \Rightarrow a^2=-1 \quad \times \\ t=-3 \Rightarrow 4-a^2=-3 \Rightarrow a^2-7=0 \Rightarrow a=\pm\sqrt{7} \quad \checkmark \end{cases}$$

$$4a^2 - 14a + m = 0$$

ریشه ها: $\alpha, \alpha+2 \Rightarrow S = 2\alpha+2 = \frac{14}{4} \Rightarrow \alpha(\alpha+1) = \frac{7}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha = 1$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha+2=3 \Rightarrow P = (\alpha+2)(\alpha) \Rightarrow 1 \times 3 = \frac{m}{4} \Rightarrow m = 12$$

$$\text{جواب معادله} = \{1, 3\}$$

$$4a^2 - 4a + m = 0 \Rightarrow S = \alpha + \beta = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

$$4\alpha - \beta = 4 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha + \beta = 1 \\ 4\alpha - \beta = 4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 3\alpha = 5 \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{5}{3} \Rightarrow \beta = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \alpha \beta = \frac{m-4}{4} = 0 \Rightarrow m = 4$$

ریشه ها مقبول $-ma^2 + 4a + m^2 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow P = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha, \beta = 1 = \frac{m^2-2}{-m}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{m^2-2}{-m} = 1 \Rightarrow m^2-2 = -m \Rightarrow m^2+m-2=0 \Rightarrow (m+2)(m-1)=0$$

در این حالت ریشه ها مقبول $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} m=-2 \Rightarrow 4m^2+4m+2=0 \Rightarrow \Delta=16-8=8 \neq 0 \\ m=1 \Rightarrow -m^2+4m-1=0 \Rightarrow \Delta=16-4=12 \neq 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow m=1$

$$a^r - mn + r = 0 \Rightarrow P = \alpha \cdot \beta = r \Rightarrow S = m = \alpha + \beta$$

$$\alpha \cdot \beta^r = r \Rightarrow \alpha \cdot \beta \cdot \beta = r \Rightarrow P \cdot \beta = r \Rightarrow r\beta = r \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha \cdot \frac{r}{r} = r \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow S = \alpha + \beta = \frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r+r}{r} = \frac{r \cdot 2}{r} = m$$

$$a^r - r + m = 0 \Rightarrow S = r, P = m$$

روش اول: $r\alpha + \alpha \Rightarrow S = r\alpha + \alpha = r\alpha = r \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\alpha = 1}} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{r\alpha = r}}$

$$P = r\alpha \cdot \alpha = r\alpha^r \Rightarrow r(1) = r = m$$

$$a^r - vn + r = 0 \Rightarrow P = \alpha \cdot \beta = r \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{r}{\alpha} \Rightarrow \beta^r = \frac{r}{\alpha^r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha^r + \frac{r}{\alpha^r} = \alpha^r + \beta^r = (\alpha + \beta)^r - r\alpha\beta(\alpha + \beta) = S^r - rPS$$

$$S = v, P = r \Rightarrow v^r - r(r)(v) \Rightarrow 3^4 - 4 \cdot 3 = 3 \cdot 1$$

جواب: ۳۰۱

$h(t) = -10t^2 + 50t$ زمان (t) ارتفاع توپ (h)

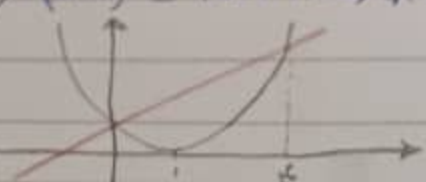
ارتفاع ماکسیمم توپ $= h_{max} = \frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-(2500)}{-20} = \frac{2500}{20} = 125$

زمانی که ارتفاع توپ صفر است $\Rightarrow -10t^2 + 50t = 0 \Rightarrow t(50 - 10t) = 0$

توپ در زمان ۵ به زمین برخورد می کند.

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} t=0 & \times \\ t=5 & \checkmark \end{cases}$$

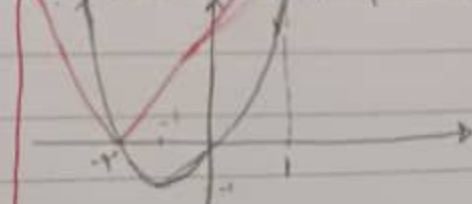
الف) $(n-1)^r = r(n+1) \rightarrow n = \{0, 4\}$



$$a^r - r(n+1) = r(n+1) \Rightarrow a^r - r = 0 \Rightarrow n = \{0, 4\}$$

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ب) $a^r + r(n+1) = r(n+1) \rightarrow n = \{-1, 1\}$



$$a^r + r(n+1) = r(n+1) \rightarrow a^r + n - r = 0$$

$$S \mid \frac{-r}{-1} = -1 \Rightarrow (n+2)(n-1) \rightarrow n = \{1, -2\}$$