

الف) $a = \frac{2-(-2)}{4-5} = -4 \rightarrow y = -4x + b \xrightarrow{14} 2 = -12 + b \Rightarrow b = 14$
 $\Rightarrow y = -4x + 14$ ✓

①
(۲)

ب) موازی با $4y + 6x = -1$ $\xrightarrow{\text{نسبت های برابر}} a = -3 \rightarrow y = -3x + b \xrightarrow{14} 2 = -12 + b \Rightarrow b = 14$
 $\Rightarrow y = -3x + 14$ ✓

ج) عمود بر خط $x + 3y = 1$ $\xrightarrow{\text{نسبت ها متضاد}} a = 3 \rightarrow y = 3x + b \xrightarrow{14} 2 = 12 + b \Rightarrow b = -10$
 $\Rightarrow y = 3x - 10$ ✓

د) زاویه 45° $\xrightarrow{\alpha = 45^\circ} a = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow y = \sqrt{3}x + b \xrightarrow{14} 2 = 4\sqrt{3} + b \Rightarrow b = -4\sqrt{3} + 2$
 $\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{3}x - 4\sqrt{3} + 2$ ✓

این) $\xrightarrow{|4x-1|} \sqrt{5x^2+5y^2} \rightarrow \sqrt{3^2+4^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5$ ✓

②
(۲)

ب) $3x+4y=3 \xrightarrow{\frac{10x+by+c}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}} \frac{13(2)+4(3)-3}{\sqrt{25}} = \frac{10}{5} = 2$ ✓

② $\begin{cases} 4x+4y=11 \\ 2x+3y=6 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\text{نسبت موازی هسته}} \begin{cases} 4x+4y=11 \\ 4x+6y=12 \end{cases}$

③
(۲)

الف) $by+ax = \frac{c+c'}{2} \rightarrow 4x+4y = \frac{11+12}{2} \rightarrow 4x+4y=10$ ✓

ب) $\frac{|c-c'|}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} \rightarrow \frac{|12-11|}{\sqrt{14+32}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{46}} \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{2\sqrt{13}}{13}$ ✓

نیاز یعنی نقطه نرمی $\xrightarrow{\text{از هر دو خط یک فاصله باشد}} \frac{|by+ax+c|}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} = \frac{|b'y+a'x+c'|}{\sqrt{a'^2+b'^2}} \Rightarrow \frac{|3x-2y-1|}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{|2x+3y-3|}{\sqrt{13}}$

④
(۲)

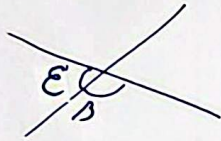
$\Rightarrow |3x-2y-1| = |2x+3y-3| \begin{cases} \oplus \rightarrow 3x-2y-1 = 2x+3y-3 \rightarrow x+2=5y \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{2}{5} \\ \ominus \rightarrow 3x-2y-1 = -2x-3y+3 \rightarrow 5x-4=-y \rightarrow y = -5x+4 \end{cases}$ ✓

* و این دو خط موازی بر یکدیگر عمود است.

$$\begin{cases} y+3x=3 \rightarrow a=-3 \\ y-2x=5 \rightarrow a'=2 \end{cases}$$

$$\tan \epsilon = \left| \frac{a-a'}{1+aa'} \right| = \left| \frac{-3-2}{1-6} \right| = 1 \quad (1)$$

(2) (5)



$$\alpha + \beta = 180^\circ$$

$$\tan \epsilon = 1 \rightarrow \epsilon = \frac{\pi}{4} = 45^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$\beta = \frac{\pi}{4} = 45^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

الف) $\sqrt{5x^2+5y^2} = \sqrt{1^2+1^2} = \sqrt{100} = 10 \quad (10) \quad \checkmark$

(2) (6)

ب) $\text{mid} \left| \frac{x_1+x_2}{y_1+y_2} \right| \rightarrow \text{mid} \left| \frac{-1}{1} \right| \quad \checkmark$

الف) Centroid point $\left| \frac{x_1+x_2+x_3}{y_1+y_2+y_3} \right| \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} C & -4/5 \\ & -4/5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1,5) \quad (7)$

ب)

بذلقتی

$$S_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 9+24-10 & 3 & 1 \\ 20 & -2 & 3 \\ -10 & -13 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 30-39 \\ & -71 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} |20 - (-71)| = (47) \quad \checkmark$$

ماتریس ۳ در ۳

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 \\ -10 & -12 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(9-10+24) - (-30-2-39) \times \frac{1}{7} = (47) \quad \checkmark$$

$$y = \frac{2x+1}{4x-3}$$

الف) $y \rightarrow -y \Rightarrow -y = \frac{2x+1}{4x-3} \rightarrow y = \frac{-2x-1}{4x-3}$ ✓

ب) $x \rightarrow -x \Rightarrow y = \frac{-2x+1}{-4x-3}$ ✓

ج) $\begin{cases} x \rightarrow y \\ y \rightarrow x \end{cases}$ تبادل $x = \frac{2y+1}{4y-3} \xrightarrow{\text{تبدیل}} y = -\frac{-2x-1}{4x-3} \rightarrow y = \frac{2x+1}{4x-3}$ ✓

د) $\begin{cases} x \rightarrow -y \\ y \rightarrow -x \end{cases} \Rightarrow -x = \frac{-2y+1}{-4y-3} \xrightarrow{\times \ominus} x = \frac{2y+1}{4y+3} \xrightarrow{\text{تبدیل}} y = -\frac{2x-1}{4x+3} \rightarrow y = \frac{-2x+1}{4x+3}$ ✓

$$y = \frac{2x+1}{4x-3}$$

الف) $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x' = x-2 \\ y' = y+3 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x = x'+2 \\ y = y'-3 \end{cases}$

$(y'-3) = \frac{2(x'+2)+1}{(x'+2)-3} = y' = \frac{2x'+5}{x'-1} + 3 \rightarrow y' = \frac{2x'+8}{x'-1}$ ✓

ب) $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x' = x-3 \\ y' = y-2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = x'+3 \\ y = y'+2 \end{cases}$

$(y'+2) = \frac{2(x'+3)+1}{(x'+3)-3} \rightarrow y' = \frac{2x'+7}{x'} - 2 \rightarrow y' = \frac{-2x'+7}{x'} = y' = \frac{7}{x'}$ ✓

$$\begin{cases} 3x+4y=2 \\ x-5y=1 \end{cases}$$

الف) حذف $\rightarrow \begin{cases} 3x+4y=2 \\ x-5y=1 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\times 3} \begin{cases} 3x+4y=2 \\ -3x+15y=3 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\oplus} 19y = -1 \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{19}$ ✓

$x + \frac{5}{19} = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{14}{19}$ ✓

ب) $\begin{cases} 3x+4y=2 \\ x-5y=1 \end{cases}$

$x = -\frac{5-(-10)}{-10-3} = x = \frac{15}{13}$ ✓

$y = \frac{3-2}{-10-3} = y = -\frac{1}{13}$ ✓