

$$A(4, -6) / B(2, 8) \rightarrow M(3, 1)$$

$$L_{m_{AB}} = \frac{-6-8}{4-2} = -7 \xrightarrow{\text{عکس و برعکس}} \frac{1}{7} \rightarrow 2 \cdot \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{4}{7}$$

$$7y - x = 4$$

$$C(-1, 3) / B(-4, 7) A(3, 1) \rightarrow BC = \sqrt{(-1+4)^2 + (3-7)^2} = 5$$

$$m_{BC} = \frac{3-7}{-1+4} = \frac{-4}{3} \rightarrow 2 \cdot \frac{-4}{3}x + \frac{5}{3} \rightarrow 3y + 4x = 5$$

$$A \rightarrow BC = \frac{|3+12-5|}{\sqrt{16+9}} = 2 \rightarrow 5 - 2 = 3$$

$$2y - x = 7 \rightarrow 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}x + 3/5$$

$$4y = ax + 2 \rightarrow 2 \cdot \frac{a}{4}x + \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow a = 2$$

$$L_{2y-x=7, 2y-x=2} \xrightarrow{\text{فاصله}} \frac{|7-2|}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{5} = r$$

$$Mr^2 = S_b = \frac{5}{4} \pi$$

$$AB \Rightarrow m_{AB} = \frac{3-1}{2-4} = -1 \rightarrow 2 \cdot -x + 5 \rightarrow 2x - 2$$

$$x - 2 = -x + 5 \rightarrow 2x = 7 \Rightarrow x = 3/5, y = 1/5 \rightarrow H(3/5, 1/5) \rightarrow$$

$$M(3, 2) \rightarrow MH = \sqrt{(3/5-3)^2 + (1/5-2)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$(3m-2)x + (5-m)y - 7 = 0 \rightarrow 2 \cdot \frac{2-3m}{5-m}x + \frac{7}{5-m}$$

$$(m+1)x - (2m-4)y + 1 = 0 \rightarrow 2 \cdot \frac{m+1}{2m-4}x + \frac{1}{2m-4}$$

$$\frac{2-3m}{5-m} \propto \frac{m+1}{2m-4} = 1 \rightarrow \frac{-3m^2 - m + 2}{-2m^2 + 14m - 20} = 1 \rightarrow \frac{-3m^2 - m + 2}{5m^2 - 13m + 18} = 1$$

$$m \text{ هیچ مقدار } \Delta < 0$$

$A(1,1)/B(5,-1)/C(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{7}{3}) \rightarrow$ الفرد طالع
 $M(\frac{10}{3}, \frac{2}{3}) \rightarrow AM, \sqrt{(\frac{10}{3}-1)^2 + (\frac{2}{3}-1)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{50}}{3} = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{3}$
 $A, BC \rightarrow \frac{|1+1-4|}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{3}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}} = \boxed{\frac{5}{3}}$

$2, -\frac{1}{2}x + C \rightarrow 2y + x - 2C \xrightarrow{[0]} \frac{1-2C}{\sqrt{4+1}} = \sqrt{20}$
 $10, 1-2C \rightarrow C=5, -5 \xrightarrow{C=5} 2y+x-10 \rightarrow A(0,5)$
 $B(10,0)$
 $\sqrt{25+100} = \sqrt{125} = \boxed{5\sqrt{5}}$

$2, (1-m)x+2 \xrightarrow{\text{برابر}} x=0, y=2 \xrightarrow{\text{بجای}} x, \frac{2}{m-1}$
 $2, \frac{4}{m}x+2 \xrightarrow{\text{بجای}} x, -\frac{m}{2}$
 $|\frac{2}{m-1} + \frac{m}{2}| = 2/5 \rightarrow \frac{4+m^2-m}{2m-2} = 2/5 \rightarrow m=3$
 $\hookrightarrow \frac{4+m^2-m}{2m-2} = 2/5 \rightarrow m^2+4m-1=0 \rightarrow -1 \} \begin{matrix} 3\alpha-1 \\ -3 \end{matrix}$

$2, 2x-3 \xrightarrow{m(2,2)} 2, 2x-6$
 $\hookrightarrow \frac{|-3+6|}{\sqrt{1+4}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5}$
 $\frac{6\sqrt{5}}{5} = \frac{|-3+x|}{\sqrt{1+4}} \rightarrow x=9$
 $\boxed{2, 2x-9}$

$2, x+5, A(1,2)$

$\hookrightarrow 2, -x+3 \rightarrow -x+3 = x+5 \rightarrow H(-1, 4)$
 ~~$A(1,2)$
 $2, x+3$
 $H(-1,4)$
 $B?$~~
 $\frac{1+x}{2} = -1 \rightarrow \boxed{B(-3, 6)}$
 $\frac{2+y}{2} = 4$