

$$2n^2 - 4n + c + y^2 + 4y + b = 0 \Rightarrow y^2 + 4y + b = (y + \sqrt{b})^2 \Rightarrow b = 9$$

$$K = c + b \quad 2n^2 - 4n + c = (\sqrt{2n} - \sqrt{c})^2 \Rightarrow c = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow (\sqrt{2n} - \sqrt{2})^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 0 \quad \text{یک تابع است} \Rightarrow \boxed{K = 2 + 9 = 11}$$

چون ضابطه دایره درونی یکسان است پس باید برابر باشند تا شرط تابع بودن را نقض نکنند

$$n^2 + 4n = 2n + c + 2 \Rightarrow \overset{n=c}{n^2 + 4c - 2c - c - 2 = 0} \quad (c-1)(c+2) = 0$$

$$c = 1, \quad \text{چون نتوانستیم } c > 0 \Rightarrow \text{رد}$$

$$\text{با بررسی در تابع} \quad \boxed{f(1) = 5} \quad \rightarrow \quad 1^2 + 4 \times 1 = 5$$

$$|n+1| \geq 2 \Rightarrow n+1 \geq 2, n+1 \leq -2$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$n \geq 1 \quad n \leq -3$$

ابتدا درون ضابطه $2n^2 - 4n$ های یابیم

این ضابطه با ضابطه یابی درون $n = -2$

سریک اند و باید برابر باشند تا تابع نقض نشود

$$n = -2 \Rightarrow 2 \times (-2)^2 - b = c + 2(-2) \Rightarrow 18 - b = c - 4 \Rightarrow \boxed{22 = c + b}$$

$$4n - c \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \geq \frac{c}{4}$$

$$b - 4n \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \leq \frac{b}{4}$$

چون دایره بیرونی

باید بر دایره بیرون

یکسان باشد

$$\text{پس } \rightarrow \left[\frac{c}{4}, \frac{b}{4} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{c}{4} = \frac{b}{4} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{b}{c} = \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$|n-2| > 0 \Rightarrow n \neq 2, \quad \frac{n+1}{|n-2|} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{-1+2} \rightarrow I$$

(الف)

$$\frac{4-n}{n^2+2n+4} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{4}{n+1} \rightarrow D_f = I \cap II = [4, +\infty)$$

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$$[n] - 4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow [n] \geq 4 \Rightarrow n \geq 4 \quad I$$

$$2 - [n] \geq 0 \Rightarrow [n] \leq 2 \Rightarrow n < 2 \quad II$$

$$D_f = I \cap II = \emptyset$$

←

$\frac{n^2 - n - 5}{n^2 - 10n^2 + 15} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(n-5)(n+2)}{(n-5)(n+5)(n-1)(n+1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow$ $\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 5) \cup (2, 5) \cup (5, +\infty)$ $\frac{n^2 - 10n^2 - 5n + 5}{n^2 + 10n^2 - 5n - 5} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(n-5)(n+2)(n+1)}{(n+5)(n-2)(n+1)} \geq 0$	$\begin{array}{cccc} -2 & -1 & 2 & 5 \\ & & & \\ + & - & - & + \\ & & & \\ -2 & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ & & & \\ + & - & - & + \end{array}$ $D_f = ((-\infty, -2) \cup [-2, -1) \cup [1, 2)$
$[-n] - 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow [-n] \geq 2 \rightarrow n \leq -2 \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -2]$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - ([2, 5) \cup [-1, 0])$ $[n] - 2[n] - 2 \neq 0 \rightarrow [n] = z \Rightarrow z^2 - 2z - 2 = 0$ $\rightarrow [n] = -1 \rightarrow n = [-1, 0), [n] = 2 \rightarrow n = [2, 5)$	$z = -1, 2$
$\tan n = \frac{\sin n}{\cos n} \Rightarrow \cos n \neq 0 \Rightarrow n \neq k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$ $\cot n = \frac{\cos n}{\sin n} \Rightarrow \sin n \neq 0 \Rightarrow n \neq k\pi$ $\tan n + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \tan n \neq -1 \Rightarrow n \neq k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}$ $1 - \sqrt{2} \sin^2 n \geq 0 \Rightarrow \sin^2 n \leq \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \sin n \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq \sin n \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow n \in [k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}]$	$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{k\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$ $D_f = [k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}]$
$n-1 > 0 \rightarrow n > 1 \Rightarrow n-1 - \log \frac{n-1}{e} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log \frac{n-1}{e} \leq 1$ $\Rightarrow n-1 \geq \left(\frac{1}{e}\right)^1 \rightarrow n \geq \frac{1}{e} = 1 \quad (n-1 = 1 \Rightarrow D_f = [\frac{1}{e}, +\infty))$ $n^2 - n \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{n}{n-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow n \leq 0 \vee n \geq 1$ $n^2 - (n) > 0 \rightarrow \frac{n}{n-1} > 0 \rightarrow n < 0 \vee n > 1$ $1 - \log \frac{n^2 - (n)}{e} \geq 0 \rightarrow n^2 - (n) = e^1 \Rightarrow (n-5)(n+1) \neq 0 \Rightarrow n \neq 5, -1$	$D_f = ((-\infty, 0) \cup (1, +\infty)) - \{5, -1\}$
$\frac{f(n) - n^2}{-1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{f(n) - n^2}{1} \geq 0$ $f(n) - n^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{f(n) - n^2}{1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow D_f = [1, 2]$ $\Rightarrow \frac{f(n) - n^2}{f(n) + 1} \in W \Rightarrow n = \frac{f(n) - 1}{f(n) + 1} \Rightarrow D_f = \left\{ n \mid n = \frac{fk - 1}{fk + 1}, k \in W \right\}$	$D_f = [1, 2]$