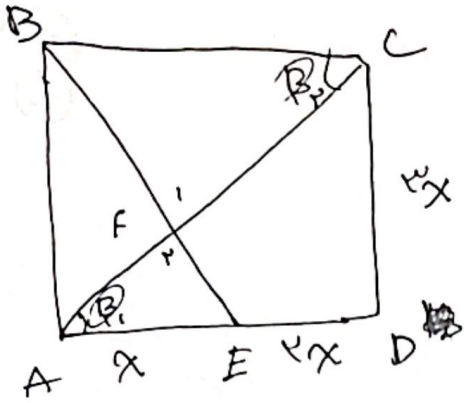


(۱) اثبات تشابه مثلث‌ها

$\hat{f}_1 = \hat{f}_2$

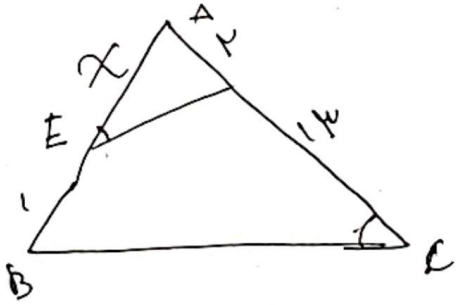
$BC \parallel AE \Rightarrow \hat{A}_1 = \hat{C}_2$ ⟹ $\triangle BFC \sim \triangle EFA$

$$\frac{3x}{x} = \frac{BC}{AE} = \frac{BF}{EF} = \frac{CF}{AF} = 3$$

$$\frac{BF}{EF} = \frac{CF}{AF} \Rightarrow \frac{BE}{EF} = \frac{CA}{AF} \Rightarrow \frac{BE}{CA} = \frac{EF}{AF}$$

$AC = 3\sqrt{2}x \qquad BE = \sqrt{10}x \Rightarrow \frac{EF}{AF} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{3\sqrt{2}}$

$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$

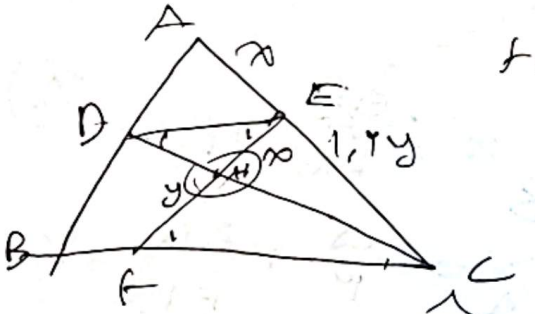


(۲)

$\hat{A} = \hat{A}$, $\hat{E} = \hat{C}$ ⟹ $\triangle AED \sim \triangle ACB$

$$\frac{*2}{x+1} = \frac{\cancel{x}}{15} \Rightarrow \cancel{\quad} = x^2 + x$$

$\Rightarrow x = 4$



(۳)

$FC \parallel DE \Rightarrow \hat{F}_1 = \hat{E}_1, D_1 = C_1$

$\Rightarrow \triangle FHC \sim \triangle EHD$

$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{DE}{FC} = \frac{3}{5} \quad 5x = 3y$

$\Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{5}y$

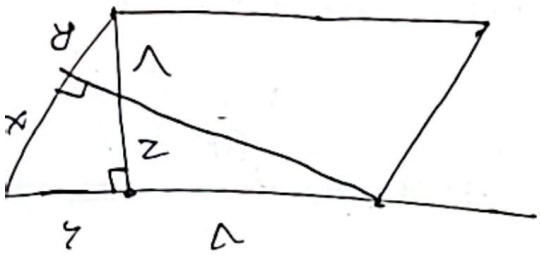
$ED \parallel BC \hookrightarrow \triangle AED \sim \triangle ABC$

$\frac{FC}{BC} = \frac{10}{18} = \frac{8}{18} = \frac{3}{BC} \Rightarrow BC = \frac{54}{8}$

$$\frac{x}{x+1,2y} = \frac{x}{11,8y} = \frac{ED}{DC}$$

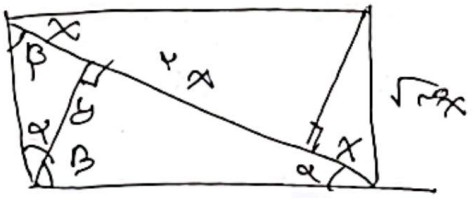
$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{DE}{FC}$$

$\Rightarrow$ [illegible]



$\frac{8}{12} = \frac{8+2}{6+y}$ ⇒ $48 + 8y = 96 + 24$ ⇒ $y = 6$

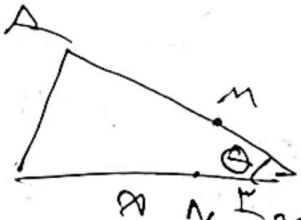
$8 + 6 = 4 + 10$ (14)



$\frac{8\sqrt{3}}{y} = \frac{x}{4}$ ⇒ $y = 4\sqrt{3}$

$(8\sqrt{3})^2 + (4\sqrt{3})^2 = 12^2$ ⇒ $x = 4\sqrt{13}$

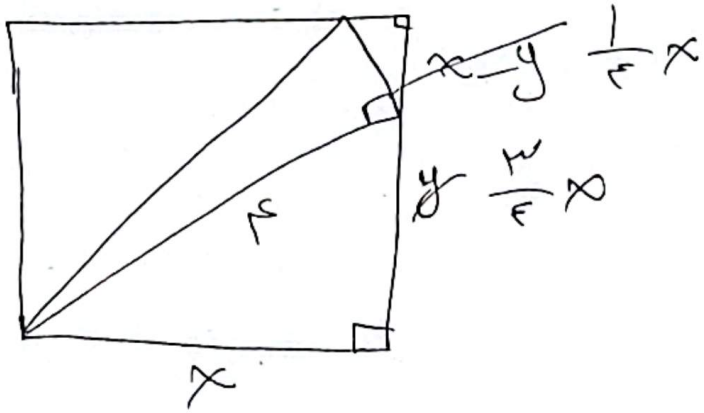
$\frac{8\sqrt{3} \times 4\sqrt{13} + 4\sqrt{3} \times 12}{12 \times 4\sqrt{3}} = \frac{96\sqrt{39}}{48\sqrt{3}} = 2\sqrt{13}$ (7)



$S = \frac{1}{2} \sin\theta \cdot a \cdot b$

$\frac{S_1}{S_2} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sin\theta \times \frac{5}{2} \times AB}{\frac{1}{2}\sin\theta \times \frac{3}{2} \times BM} = \frac{5}{3} \times \frac{AB}{BM} = 3$

$\frac{BM}{AB} = \frac{5}{9}$



$$\frac{x}{4} = \frac{x-y}{1} \Rightarrow x = 4x - 4y$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{4}{3}y$$

$$x^2 + \frac{9}{16}x^2 = \frac{25}{16}x^2 \Rightarrow \frac{5}{4}x = 3$$

$$x = \frac{12}{5} \Rightarrow \frac{25}{144}x^2 = 5$$