

$$x^r - r \leq \epsilon x \Rightarrow x^r - \epsilon x - r = 0$$

$$(x > 0)$$

$$\frac{\epsilon \pm \sqrt{19+1}}{2} = r \pm \sqrt{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow r + \sqrt{4} \leq x$$

$$\text{Log}_{\frac{1}{r}} \sqrt{r} = \frac{1}{r} \checkmark$$

رنگ روشن را در دو قسم بیس

$$r^{A+B} = 1 \Rightarrow A+B=0$$

$$r^{rA+B} = 1 \Rightarrow rA+B=r \Rightarrow A=1, B=-1$$

$$r^B = r^{-1} = \frac{1}{r} \checkmark$$

$$r^{\frac{a}{r}} \leq r$$

$$r \leq r^{\frac{a}{r}}$$

$$\text{Log}_{r^{\frac{1}{r}}} r^{\frac{a}{r}} = \text{Log}_{r^{\frac{1}{r}}} r^{\frac{a}{r}} \Rightarrow r^{\frac{a}{r}} = r^{\frac{a}{r}}$$

$$\text{Log}_{r^{\frac{1}{r}}} r^{\frac{a}{r}} = \frac{\frac{a}{r}}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{a}{r} \checkmark$$

$$r^{\frac{1}{r}} = r$$

$$\text{Log}_{r^{\frac{1}{r}}} r^{\frac{1}{r}} = \text{Log}_{r^{\frac{1}{r}}} r^{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r} \checkmark$$

$$r^x \times 1 = (r^x)^r + 1 \xrightarrow{r^x = t}$$

$$t^r - rt + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} r = r^x \Rightarrow x = \text{Log}_r r \\ a = r^x \Rightarrow x = \text{Log}_r a \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Log}_r r + \text{Log}_r a = \text{Log}_r a \checkmark$$

$$a \text{Log}_r r + b \text{Log}_r r = a = \text{Log}_r (a+b)$$

$$\text{Log}_r r = \frac{a}{a+b} \Rightarrow \text{Log}_r r = 1 + \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\text{Log}_r r^{\frac{b}{a}} = \frac{b}{a} \Rightarrow r^{\frac{b}{a}} = a \Rightarrow r^{\frac{b}{a}} = \sqrt{a} \checkmark$$

$$(\text{Log}_r r)^r + \text{Log}_r r^{\frac{1}{r}} \text{Log}_r r^{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\text{Log}_r r = t \quad t^r + (1 + \text{Log}_r r)(r+t)$$

$$\frac{t^r}{r} = 1-t \Rightarrow r-t$$

$$t^r + (r-t)(r+t) = t^r + r^2 + t^2 - r^2 - t^2 = t^r \checkmark$$

$$r \text{Log}_r (r-1) + r \text{Log}_r (1-r) = 0$$

چون طبق دانه  $|x-1| = 1-x$  پس  $|x| > 1$

$$a \text{Log}_r (1-r) \leq a \Rightarrow |1-r| \leq 1 \Rightarrow r \leq 2 \checkmark$$

$$-r \leq 1 \Rightarrow \text{Log}_r r^{-1} = \text{Log}_r r \leq 1 \checkmark$$

$$\text{Log}_r r^{r-1} = r \Rightarrow r^r \leq 14 \Rightarrow r \leq \sqrt[3]{14} \checkmark$$

$$\text{Log}_{\frac{r}{r}} r^{\frac{r}{r}} = \text{Log}_r r^1 = 1 \checkmark$$

$$\text{Log}_r r^{-x} - \text{Log}_r \left(\frac{1}{r-x}\right)^r = r$$

$$\text{Log}_r r^{-x} - \text{Log}_r (r-x)^{-r} = r \Rightarrow \text{Log}_r r^x + r \text{Log}_r (r-x) = r$$

$$\text{Log}_r r^{-x} \leq 1 \Rightarrow r-x \leq 1 \Rightarrow x = -1 \checkmark$$

$$\text{Log}_r \frac{1}{r} = -1 \checkmark$$