

$$\log(r-x) = \log \frac{1}{(n-r)^r} = \log \frac{r-x}{(n-r)^r} = \log((r-x)(n-r)^{-r}) = \log((r-x)(r-x)^r) = \log(r-x)^{r+1} = r$$

$$\Rightarrow r-x=1 \Rightarrow x=-1 \Rightarrow \log_{\sqrt{r}}(-1) = \log_{\sqrt{r}} \hat{} = r \checkmark$$

(2) 4

$$r^{n^r-r} = (r^r)^n = r^{rn} \Rightarrow n^r - r = rn \Rightarrow n^r - rn = r \Rightarrow n = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 4r(1)}}{2}$$

✓

$$= r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 4r} = r \pm \sqrt{r(r-4)}$$

$$\xrightarrow[n > r]{n > 0} n = r + \sqrt{r} \Rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{r}}(n-r) = \log_{\frac{1}{r}} \sqrt{r}$$

(1)

$$n = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a}$$

$$n = \frac{r \pm r\sqrt{r}}{r} = \begin{cases} r - \sqrt{r} \times \\ r + \sqrt{r} \checkmark \end{cases} \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^{r+\sqrt{r}-r} = \boxed{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\log_r r} = \log_r r = \frac{1}{2}$$

△

$$\log_{\frac{1}{r}}^n = \frac{\log_r^n}{\log_r^{\frac{1}{r}}} = \frac{r \log_r^r}{r + \log_r^r} = \frac{r \times \frac{\Delta}{\lambda}}{r + \frac{\Delta}{\lambda}} = \boxed{\frac{\Delta}{\nu}}$$

$$\log_r^r + \log_r^r$$

0

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\log_r^r} = \log_r^r = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^r = \log_r^r = \log_r^r + \log_r^r = \frac{1}{r} + 1 = \frac{1+r}{r}$$

0

جواب سوال = $\log_{\frac{1}{r}}^4$

$$\Rightarrow a \log_r r + b \log_r r = a \Rightarrow (a+b) \log_r r = a \Rightarrow \log_r r = \frac{a}{a+b} \Rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^1 = \frac{a+b}{a}$$

(2)

$$= 1 + \frac{b}{a} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^1 - 1 = \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^1 - \log_r r = \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^1 = \log_r^r$$

$$\Rightarrow (\sqrt{r})^{\frac{b}{a}} = (\sqrt{r})^{(\log_r^r)} = \Delta (\log_r^r) = \Delta \frac{1}{r} = \sqrt{\Delta} \checkmark$$

✓

$$(\lg_{r_1}^r)^r + \lg_{r_1}^{r \times r_1} \lg_{r_1}^{r \times r_1} = (\lg_{r_1}^r)^r + (\lg_{r_1}^r + 1)(\lg_{r_1}^{r \times r_1} + 1) \quad -3$$

$$(\lg_{r_1}^r)^r + (1 - \lg_{r_1}^r + 1)(1 + \lg_{r_1}^r + 1) =$$

$$(\lg_{r_1}^r)^r + (r - \lg_{r_1}^r)(r + \lg_{r_1}^r) = (\lg_{r_1}^r)^r + r - (\lg_{r_1}^r)^r = \boxed{r}$$

$$\lg_{r_1}^r = \frac{1}{r} \lg_r^r = 0,1 \rightarrow \lg_r^r = 1,9 \quad -9$$

$$\lg_{1r}^4 = \frac{1}{\lg_4^{1r}} = \frac{1}{\lg_4^r + \lg_4^4} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\lg_r^r} + 1} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} + 1} = \boxed{\frac{1r}{12}}$$