

1a, 2

$$\log \frac{c}{ax+b} \Rightarrow \frac{c}{-b} = c^r \Rightarrow$$

(1)  $c = \frac{1}{b}$

$$b+c = b - \frac{1}{b} = -\frac{2}{b}$$

(2)

$$b^r + \frac{r}{r} b - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow b = -r \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} c = \frac{1}{r} \checkmark \\ c = -\frac{r}{c} \times \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \log \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{-1/ra+r} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{-ra+r} = 1 \Rightarrow a=1 \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(1 + \frac{1}{r}\right) (-r) = -r \checkmark$$

$$Y = C + C_0 g \frac{b}{a}$$

$$0 = C + C_0 g \frac{r \cdot f a + b}{a}$$

$$\Rightarrow -Y = C_0 g \frac{r \cdot f a + b}{a}$$

~~$$C = C_0 g \frac{r \cdot f a + b}{a}$$~~

$$-Y = C_0 g \left( 1 + r \cdot f \frac{a}{b} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Y}{C_0 g} = 1 + r \cdot f \frac{a}{b} \Rightarrow \frac{Y}{C_0 g} - 1 = r \cdot f \frac{a}{b}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{\frac{Y}{C_0 g} - 1}{r \cdot f} = \frac{Y}{r \cdot f a} \quad \checkmark$$

$$|x^r - r| - x > 0 \Rightarrow x^r - x - r > 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$x \geq \sqrt[r]{r} \quad x \leq \sqrt[r]{-r}$$

$$+ \phi - \phi + \textcircled{r}$$

$$-\sqrt{r} \text{ if } x \leq \sqrt[r]{-r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{(-\infty, -\sqrt[r]{r}] \cup (\sqrt[r]{r}, +\infty)}$$

$$-x^r - x - r > 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$-\frac{r}{\phi} + \frac{1}{\phi} \leftarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{[scribbled out]} [-r, 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{R} - [1, r] = D \quad \checkmark$$

$$x=1 \Rightarrow -1 + \gamma + \Lambda = \gamma + \gamma^{b-a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma = \gamma^{b-a} \Rightarrow b-a=1$$

(2) (3)

$$f^{-1}(1) = -1 \Rightarrow f(1) = 1 \Rightarrow \gamma^{b+a} + \gamma = 1 \Rightarrow b+a=1$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \gamma \Rightarrow a = 1 \Rightarrow \gamma = \gamma^{b-a}$$

$$-\gamma + \gamma^{-A-B} = 0 \Rightarrow A+B = -1$$

(2) (4)

$$-\gamma + \gamma^{-A-B} = -\gamma + \gamma^{1-A} = \gamma \Rightarrow 1-A = \gamma \Rightarrow A = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow B = 0 \Rightarrow f(\gamma) = -\gamma + \gamma^\gamma = \boxed{\gamma}$$

المعادلة الأصلية

$$m \times \left(\frac{1}{\gamma}\right)^h \Rightarrow m \times \gamma^{-\gamma h} = \frac{m}{\gamma}$$

(5)

$$\Rightarrow \gamma^{-\gamma h} = \frac{1}{\gamma}$$

$$\frac{\log \gamma}{\log \gamma} = \frac{\log \frac{1}{\gamma}}{\log \frac{1}{\gamma}} = \frac{1}{\gamma h} = \frac{1}{\gamma} \Rightarrow \log \gamma = 1 + \log \gamma \Rightarrow \frac{19}{12}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma h = \frac{19}{12} \Rightarrow h = \frac{19}{12} \Rightarrow \min = \epsilon \times \frac{19}{12} = 1.8 \times 19 = \boxed{34.2}$$

$$m \left(\frac{v}{\lambda}\right)^w = \frac{m}{v} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{v} = \left(\frac{v}{\lambda}\right)^w$$

(6)

$$\log \frac{v}{\gamma} = \frac{\log \frac{1}{\gamma}}{\frac{1}{12}} = \left(\frac{\lambda}{\gamma}\right) \Rightarrow v^{-1} = \gamma^{-\frac{\lambda}{\gamma}} = \left(\frac{v}{\lambda}\right)^w$$

(7)

$$\Rightarrow \gamma^{-\frac{\lambda}{\gamma}} = \gamma^{\frac{\lambda}{\gamma} w - \gamma w} \Rightarrow \frac{\lambda}{\gamma} w = \gamma w \Rightarrow \boxed{w = \frac{\gamma}{\lambda}}$$

المعادلة الأصلية

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} w = \frac{\lambda}{\gamma} w \Rightarrow w = \lambda \Rightarrow \Lambda v =$$

104 ✓

$$\frac{1}{x^3} = \left(\frac{a^y}{a^x}\right)^b$$

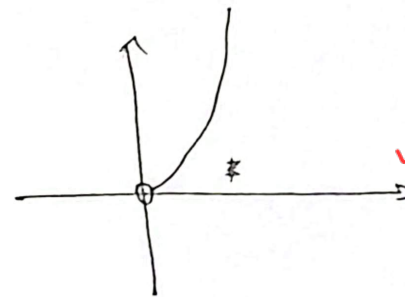
$$\frac{a^y}{a^x} = a^y \times a^{-x} = a^{y-x} \Rightarrow a^{-x} = a^{-y} = \frac{1}{a^y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a^{-x}}{a^y} = a^{-x-y} \Rightarrow a^{-x-y} = a^{-y-x} \Rightarrow D = \mathbb{R} \checkmark$$

(1)

(2)

$$y = a^{c \cdot b \cdot x} = x^{c \cdot b \cdot a} = x^y \Rightarrow \boxed{x > 0}$$

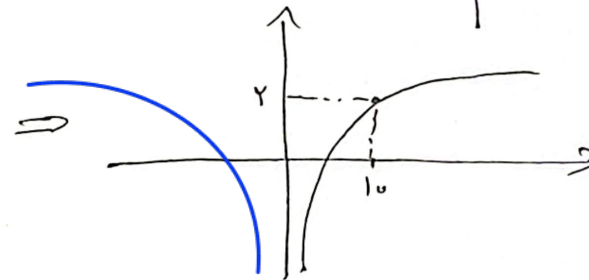


(3)

✓

(4)

$$y = c \cdot a^x \Rightarrow y = x^{c \cdot a}$$



$$D = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

$$f(0) = \frac{r}{\mu} \rightarrow 1 + C \times \mu^a = \frac{r}{\mu} \rightarrow C \times \mu^a = \frac{-1}{\mu} \quad -2$$

$$f(1) = 0 \rightarrow 1 + C \times \mu^{a+b} = 0 \rightarrow \mu^a \times C \times \mu^b = -1 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{\mu} \times \mu^b = -1$$

$$\boxed{b=1}$$

$$f(n) = 1 + C \times \mu^a \times \mu^{bn} = 1 - \frac{1}{\mu} \times \mu^n = 1 - \mu^{n-1}$$

$$f(-1) = 1 - \mu^{-r} = \boxed{\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$\text{حجم باقیمانده} = \frac{M_0}{4} = M_0 \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^t \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^t = \frac{1}{4} \quad -V$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{lg}} t \lg \frac{1}{9} = \lg \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow t (r \lg r - r \lg r) = -(\lg r + \lg r)$$

$$t = \frac{-(\lg r + \lg r)}{r \lg r - r \lg r} \xrightarrow{\div \lg r} t = \frac{-(\lg r + 1)}{r \lg r - r} = \frac{-(\frac{V}{1r} + 1)}{r(\frac{V}{1r}) - r} = \boxed{\frac{1A}{r}}$$

$$\frac{\lg_r^{\Delta}}{\lg_r^{\Delta}} = \frac{\lg r}{\lg r} = \frac{1, r}{r, r} = \frac{V}{1r}$$

$\mu \Delta = \min = 90 \times \text{second}$