

$$1 - \log_c^{-b} = r \Rightarrow \log_c^{-b} = -1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{c} = -b \rightarrow bc = -1 \quad \begin{matrix} c > 0 \\ b < 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\log_c^{-1/2a-b} = 1 \Rightarrow -1/2a-b = c \Rightarrow -1/2a = \frac{r}{c} \Rightarrow a = r$$

$$\begin{cases} \sqrt{2x^2 + 2x - 2} \rightarrow \frac{-r + \sqrt{r^2}}{r} = \frac{1}{r} = c \\ \sqrt{2x^2 + 2x - 2} \rightarrow \frac{-r - \sqrt{r^2}}{r} = -r = b \end{cases} \quad \sqrt{2x^2 + 2x - 2} = -a$$

$$1 + \frac{cx^a}{x^a} = \frac{r}{r} \quad 1 + \frac{cx^a}{x^a} = 0 \quad f(-1) = 1 + \frac{cx^a}{x^a} \times \frac{r^{-b}}{r^{-b}} = 1 - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

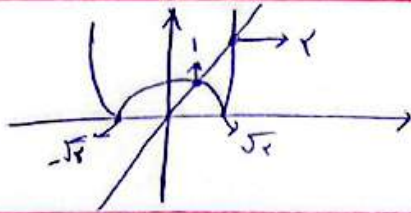
$$\frac{cx^a}{x^a} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{c}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow c = 1$$

$$c + \log_a b = r$$

$$c + \log_a^{rta+b} = 0 \Rightarrow \log_a b - \log_a^{rta+b} = r \Rightarrow \frac{b}{rta+b} = r$$

$$r \in \frac{a}{b} + 1 = \frac{1}{ra} \Rightarrow r \in \frac{a}{b} = \frac{-r}{ra} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{-b}{ra} = \frac{-r}{a}$$

$$|x^r - r| > x$$



$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - [1, r]$$

$$g(1) = f \Rightarrow r^{b-a} = r \Rightarrow b = a + 1 \quad f(-1) = 1 \rightarrow b + a = r \Rightarrow a = 1 \quad b = r \quad f(-1) = r$$

$$f(1) = 0 \quad f(r) = f - r = r \Rightarrow A + B = 1 \quad rA + B = -r \rightarrow A = -1 \quad B = 0 \quad -r + r = 0$$

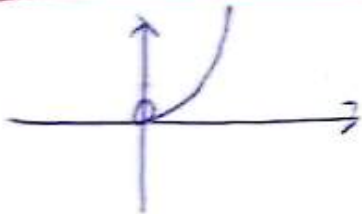
$$P = P_0 \times e^{kt} \quad \frac{1}{r} P_0 = P_0 \times \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^{k \times \frac{1}{r}} \quad -\log_a \frac{1}{r} = -\left(\frac{1}{rt} + \frac{1}{rt}\right) = k \left(r \log_a r - r \log_a a \right)$$

$$k = \frac{\frac{r}{r} \times \frac{1}{r}}{\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r} \ln \frac{1}{a} = \frac{r \ln a}{r \times r} = k \times \frac{1}{a} \Leftrightarrow \frac{r}{rt} - \frac{r}{rt} = \frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} P = P \times \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^{k \times \frac{1}{r}} \Rightarrow -\log_a \frac{1}{r} = -\frac{a}{r} = \left(\log_a r - r \log_a a \right) k = k \left(\frac{-a}{r} \right)$$

$$k = \frac{a}{r} \times \frac{r}{a} = 1 \quad \text{نوع } \Delta f \text{ در } \frac{a}{r} \quad \frac{r}{rt} = \frac{1}{a}$$

x^y
 $x > 0$

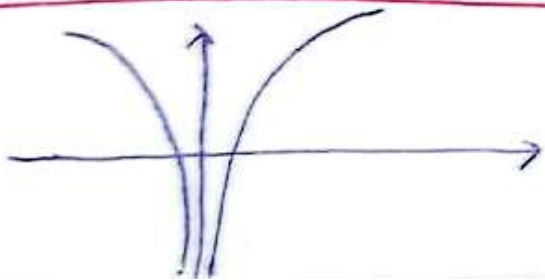


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$$\frac{1}{r} P = P \times \left(\frac{94}{100}\right)^{T \times K} \xrightarrow{T=1} \frac{1}{r} = \left(\frac{94}{100}\right)^K$$

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$x = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$
 $y = \text{Log } x$



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$$-\text{Log } r = K(\text{Log } 94 - r) \Rightarrow K \times \frac{r}{100} = \frac{rA}{100} \Rightarrow \boxed{K = rA}$$

$$\text{Log } 94 = \omega \text{Log } r + \text{Log } r = 1/2 + 0/rA = 1/2A$$