

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{AB \times AC}{r} \times \sin \hat{A}$$

$$S_{BCD} = \frac{BD \times CD}{r} \times \sin \hat{D}$$

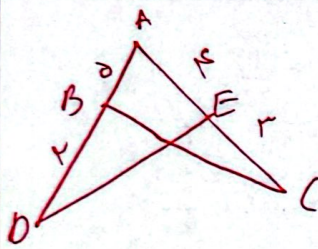
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \hat{A} = \hat{D} \\ AB = CD \\ AC = BD \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow S_{ABCD} = AB \times AC \times \sin \hat{A}$$

$$S = AB \times AC \times \sin \hat{A}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sin \alpha = \sin \pi = \frac{1}{r} \\ AB = r \\ AC = r \\ S = \alpha r \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \times r \times r = r = \alpha r$$

$$\Rightarrow AB = CD = 9\sqrt{r}, AC = BD = 4\sqrt{r}$$

$$P_{ABCD} = 2(9\sqrt{r} + 4\sqrt{r}) = 2(13\sqrt{r}) = 26\sqrt{r}$$



$$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = 1/2 r h$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{AB \times AC}{r} \times \sin \hat{A} \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha \times V}{r} \times \sin \hat{A} = \frac{\alpha \times V}{r} \sin \hat{A} = 1/2 r h \sin \hat{A}$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{AE \times AD}{r} \times \sin \hat{A} \Rightarrow \frac{r \times V}{r} \times \sin \hat{A} = \frac{r \times V}{r} \sin \hat{A} = 1/2 r h'$$

$$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = 1/2 r h - 1/2 r h' = 1/2 r (h - h') = 1/2 r h$$

$$\frac{S_{ABC}}{S_{ADE}} = \frac{1/2 r h \sin \hat{A}}{1/2 r h' \sin \hat{A}} = \frac{h}{h'} = \frac{1/2 r h}{1/2 r h'} \Rightarrow \frac{h}{h'} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \tan \hat{A} = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos \alpha} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|1 - \sin \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \cos \alpha > 0 \\ \cos \alpha < 0 \\ \sin \alpha > 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{-1 - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{-1 - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha) = \cot \alpha$

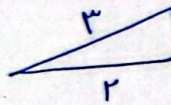
$m = -\frac{r}{r} = -1 = \tan \alpha$

$\cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{1}{-1} = -1$

نقطه $(0, 1)$ و $(r, 0)$ از این خط می‌گذرد

$(0, 1)$ و $(r, 0) \Rightarrow m = \frac{1 - 0}{0 - r} = -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{r}x + 1$

$$\frac{r \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha) - r \sin(\pi - \alpha)}{\sin(\pi + \alpha) - (-\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha))} = \frac{-r \sin(\alpha) - r \sin(\alpha)}{-\sin(\alpha) - \sin(\alpha)} = \frac{-2r \sin(\alpha)}{-2 \sin(\alpha)} = r$$



$$r = \sqrt{r^2 + r^2} = r\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow r = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$\sin \alpha = -\frac{r}{r} = -1$$

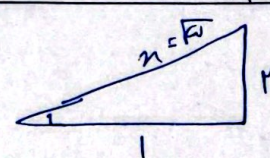
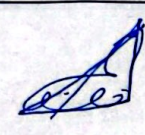
$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha) - \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4})}{\tan \alpha - 1} = \frac{\cos(\alpha) + \sin(\alpha)}{\tan \alpha - 1}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{1 - 1} = \frac{1 - 1}{1 - 1} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{2}}{1 - 1} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{2}}{1 - 1} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{2}}{1 - 1}$$

$$\sin \alpha = r \cos \alpha$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = r \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = r$$



$$r = \sqrt{1 + r^2} \Rightarrow r^2 = 1 + r^2 \Rightarrow r = 1$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow r = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \alpha = 45^\circ$$

$$r m r (m r - 1) = r \Rightarrow a = \frac{-r m}{m r - 1}$$

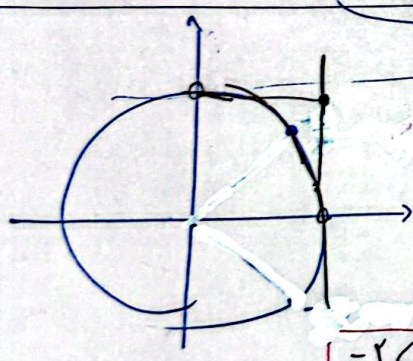
$$m r - m_1 = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$\tan 45^\circ = a = 1$$

$$m r - m_1 = \frac{r}{r} - (-1) = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\frac{r}{m r - 1} = 1 \Rightarrow r m r - r + r = 0 \Rightarrow r m r = 0$$

$$m r + r - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (m - 1)(m + 1) = 0$$



$$\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha = \epsilon \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4} - \epsilon$$

$$-r(m-1)$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha) \cos(\alpha) + \tan(\alpha) \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha)$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha, \alpha_2 = \alpha$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha) \cos(\alpha) + \tan(\alpha) \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha)$$

$$+ \cot(\alpha) \cos(\alpha) + \tan(\alpha) \sin(\alpha)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$