

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{AB \times AC}{r} \times \sin \hat{A}$$

$$S_{BCD} = \frac{BD \times CD}{r} \times \sin \hat{D}$$

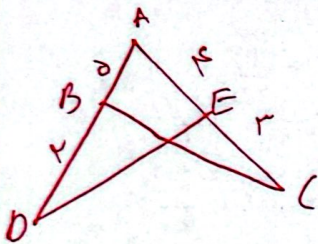
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \hat{A} = \hat{D} \\ AB = CD \\ AC = BD \end{array} \right\} S_{ABCD} = AB \times AC \times \sin \hat{A}$$

$$S = AB \times AC \times \sin \hat{A}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sin \alpha = \sin \pi = \frac{1}{r} \\ AB = r \\ AC = r \\ S = \alpha r \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \times r \times r = r = \alpha r$$

$$\Rightarrow AB = CD = 9\sqrt{r}, AC = BD = 4\sqrt{r}$$

$$P_{ABCD} = \sqrt{(9\sqrt{r} + 9\sqrt{r}) \times (9\sqrt{r} - 9\sqrt{r})} = \sqrt{10(r)} = \sqrt{10r}$$



$$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = 1/2 r h$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{AB \times AC}{r} \times \sin \hat{A} \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha \times V}{r} \times \sin \hat{A} = \frac{r \times V}{r} \sin \hat{A} = 1/2 r \sin \hat{A}$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{AE \times AD}{r} \times \sin \hat{A} \Rightarrow \frac{r' \times V}{r} \times \sin \hat{A} = \frac{r'}{r} \sin \hat{A} = 1/2 r' \sin \hat{A}$$

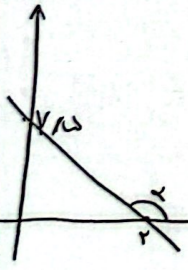
$$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = 1/2 r h \Rightarrow \frac{S_{ABC} = 1/2 r \sin \hat{A}}{S_{ADE} = 1/2 r' \sin \hat{A}} \Rightarrow \frac{r \sin \hat{A}}{r' \sin \hat{A}} = \frac{1/2 r h}{1/2 r' h'}$$

$$\tan \hat{A} = \frac{r'}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos \alpha} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \sin \alpha} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \cos \alpha > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \\ \cos \alpha < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-1 - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{-1 - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \\ \sin \alpha > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$



$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha) = \cot \alpha$$

$$m = -\frac{r}{r} = \tan \alpha$$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{1}{-\frac{r}{r}} = \boxed{-\frac{r}{r}}$$

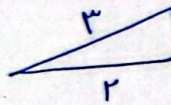
نقطه قطع  
از محور عمودی است  
(y)

$$(0, 1) \quad (1, 0) \Rightarrow m = \frac{1 - 0}{0 - 1} = -\frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{r}{r} x + 1$$

$$\alpha = 45 \quad 150 = \pi - 45 \quad r \cdot r = \pi + 45$$

$$r \cdot r = \frac{r \pi}{r} - 45 \quad r \cdot r = \frac{r \pi}{r} - 45$$

$$\frac{r \cos(\frac{r \pi}{r} - 45) - r \sin(\pi - 45)}{\sin(\pi + 45) - (-\cos(\frac{r \pi}{r} + 45))} = \frac{-r \sin(45) - r \sin(45)}{-\sin(45) - \sin(45)} = \frac{-2 \sin(45)}{-2 \sin(45)} = \boxed{1}$$



$n = \frac{r}{r} = 1$   $n = \frac{r}{r} = 1$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$

$\sin \alpha = -\frac{r}{r}$  (في الأسفل)

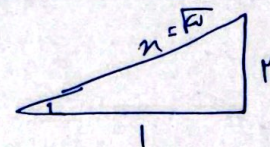
$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$

$\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) - \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{\cos(\alpha) + \sin(\alpha)}{|\tan \alpha - 1|}$

$\frac{1 - \frac{r}{r}}{|\frac{r}{r} - 1|} = \frac{1 - 1}{|1 - 1|} = \frac{0}{0}$

$\sin \alpha = r \cos \alpha$

$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = r \rightarrow \tan \alpha = r$



$r_0 = ar$   
 $n = \frac{r}{r} = 1$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\frac{1}{r}} = r$

$\Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r^2} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$

$r m r (m r - 1) = r \Rightarrow a = \frac{-r m}{m r - 1}$

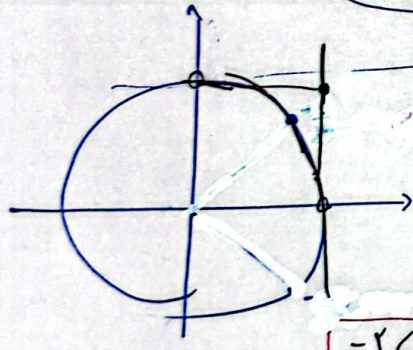
$m r - m_1 = \frac{r}{r} = 1$

$\tan 45^\circ = a = \sqrt{r}$

$m r - m_1 = \frac{r}{r} - (-\sqrt{r}) = \frac{r}{r} + \sqrt{r} = \frac{r + r\sqrt{r}}{r}$

$\sqrt{r} = \frac{-r m}{m r - 1} \Rightarrow \sqrt{r} m r - \sqrt{r} + r m = 0$

$m r + r m - r = 0 \Rightarrow (m-1)(m+r) = 0$



$-\frac{\pi}{2} < m < \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} - m > -\frac{\pi}{2}$   
 $-\frac{\pi}{2} < -m < \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} - m < \frac{\pi}{2}$   
 $\frac{\pi}{2} - m = \epsilon$

$-r < m < 1$

$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) \cos(\alpha) + \tan(\alpha) \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha)$

$\alpha_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$   
 $\alpha_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4} = 0$   
 $r_1 = \frac{r}{r} = 1$   
 $r_2 = \frac{r}{r} = 1$

$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) \cos(\alpha) + \tan(\alpha) \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha)$

$\cot(\alpha) (\cos \alpha) + \tan(\alpha) (\sin \alpha)$

$(\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{r}{r}) + (-\frac{r}{r} \times \frac{r}{r}) = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = 0$

$\cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{1}{\frac{r}{r}} = 1$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r} = 1$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{r} = 1$

$\sin \alpha = \frac{r}{r} = 1$