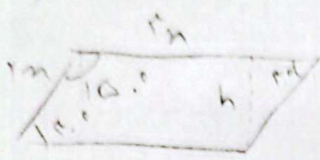


بزرگترین مساحت

17, 17

24

محمد امین سعیدی

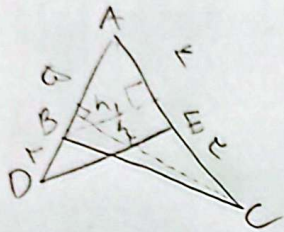


$$S = r_n \times h = r_n \times r_n \times \sin 45^\circ = r_n^2 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = r_n^2 \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow r_n^2 = 17 \Rightarrow r_n = \sqrt{17} = \sqrt{17} \checkmark$$

مساحت = $r(r_n + r_n) = 10r_n = 30\sqrt{2}$

(1)



$$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{2} \times v \times h_1 - \frac{1}{2} \times v \times h_2 = \frac{1}{2} \times v \times (h_1 - h_2)$$

$$= 1/\alpha \Rightarrow h_1 - h_2 = \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

$$h_1 = \sin \hat{A} \times v \Rightarrow h_1 - h_2 = \sin \hat{A} (v - a) = \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

$$h_2 = \sin \hat{A} \times a$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = \frac{1}{v-a} \quad \cos \hat{A} = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \hat{A}} = \sqrt{\frac{14-1}{14}} = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{14}}$$

مشتق از نسبت $\Rightarrow \tan \hat{A} = \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{14}}} = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{13}}$

(1)

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{1}{\cot \alpha} \Rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = -\tan \alpha \times \cos \alpha = -\sin \alpha \Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

$$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} + \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow |\cos \alpha| = -\cos \alpha$$

$\cos \alpha < 0$

$\Rightarrow \alpha = \pi$ ✓

(2)

$(0, 1/\alpha) \rightarrow \tan \alpha, \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{1/\alpha - 0}{0 - \pi} = -\frac{1}{\pi}$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = \cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{\pi}} = -\frac{\pi}{1} \checkmark$$

(2)

$$= \frac{r \cos(2\pi - 2\pi) - r \sin(1\pi - 2\pi)}{\sin(1\pi + 2\pi) - \cos(2\pi + 2\pi)} = \frac{-r \sin 2\pi - r \sin 2\pi}{-\sin 2\pi - \sin 2\pi} = \frac{-2r \sin 2\pi}{-2r \sin 2\pi}$$

$= \frac{r}{r} \checkmark$

(2)

$$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{r}{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{a-r}{a}} = \frac{\sqrt{a-r}}{\sqrt{a}} \xrightarrow{\text{مربع}} \frac{-\sqrt{a}}{r}$$

$$\text{جواب} = \frac{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\frac{r}{r} - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{r}}{\left| \left(\frac{-\sqrt{a}}{r} \right)^2 - 1 \right|} = \frac{\frac{r-\sqrt{a}}{r}}{\left| \frac{a}{r^2} - 1 \right|} = \frac{r-\sqrt{a}}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{r(r-\sqrt{a})}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha + 2\cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \xrightarrow{\text{مربع}} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow (m^2 - 1)y = -2mn + r \Rightarrow y = \frac{-2m}{m^2 - 1}x + \frac{r}{m^2 - 1} \quad \tan 45^\circ = \sqrt{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-2m}{m^2 - 1} = \sqrt{r} \Rightarrow \sqrt{r}m^2 + 2m - \sqrt{r} = 0 \Rightarrow m = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(\sqrt{r})(-\sqrt{r})}}{2\sqrt{r}} = \frac{-2 \pm 2}{2\sqrt{r}} = \begin{cases} -\sqrt{r} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} - (\sqrt{r}) = \frac{\sqrt{r} + r\sqrt{r}}{r} = \frac{r}{r} \sqrt{r} \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow \cdot < \frac{17}{r} - x < \frac{17}{r} \Rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{17}{r} - x\right) > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1-m}{r+m} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-r}{\phi + \phi} -$$

$$\Rightarrow m \in (-r, 1) \checkmark$$

$$\text{جواب} = \tan 45^\circ \cos 45^\circ + \tan 135^\circ \sin 135^\circ = -\sqrt{r} \times -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} + -\sqrt{r} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = +\frac{r}{r} + (-\frac{r}{r}) = 0$$

$$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{r} \times v \times \omega \sin \hat{A} - \frac{1}{r} \times r \times v \times \sin \hat{A} = l, v \omega$$

$$\frac{v}{r} \sin \hat{A} = l, v \omega \rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = \frac{l}{r} \xrightarrow{A = 30^\circ} \tan \hat{A} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$