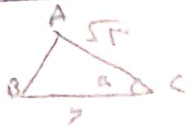


صورتی مثلث  
 $r \sin \alpha = \frac{h}{r}$

1A

اس کے لیے

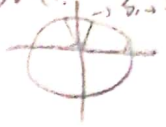


$s = \frac{1}{r} \sin \alpha$

$\frac{1}{r} \times \sqrt{r^2 - h^2} \sin \alpha = \frac{h}{r}$

$\frac{a \sin \alpha}{a \sin \alpha} = \frac{h}{r}$

$\sin \alpha = \frac{h}{r}$



$\cot \alpha = ?$



$\cot(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{2}) = 1 - \tan \alpha$

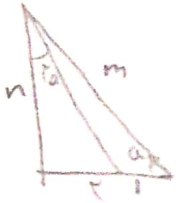
$\cot(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) = -\tan \alpha$

$1 + \tan \alpha = r(1 - \tan \alpha)$

$1 = r \tan \alpha - \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$

$\cot \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$

$\cot \alpha = ?$



$\tan \alpha = \frac{n}{r}$

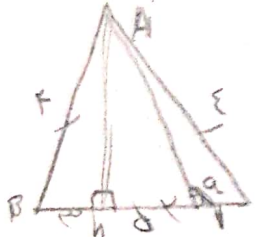
$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{n}$

$\frac{r}{n} = \frac{r}{r} \cdot \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} \rightarrow n = r$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$

$\cot \alpha = r$

$\tan \alpha = ?$



$\tan \alpha = \frac{h}{r}$

$\frac{h}{r} = \frac{h}{r}$

$\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$

$\tan \alpha = ?$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$

$\sin \alpha + \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{r} - 1 \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$

$1 + \cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \rightarrow 1 + \cot \alpha = r \rightarrow \cot \alpha = r - 1$

$\frac{\sin 2\alpha + \cos 2\alpha}{1 + \cos 2\alpha} = \frac{\cos 2\alpha + \sin 2\alpha}{1 + \sin 2\alpha}$

$\sin 2\alpha + \cos 2\alpha = 1$


$\frac{\sin 2\alpha + \cos 2\alpha}{1 + 1 - \sin 2\alpha}$

$\frac{\cos 2\alpha + \sin 2\alpha}{1 + 1 - \cos 2\alpha}$

$\frac{(r - \sin 2\alpha)^2}{r - \sin 2\alpha}$

$\frac{(r - \cos 2\alpha)^2}{r - \cos 2\alpha}$

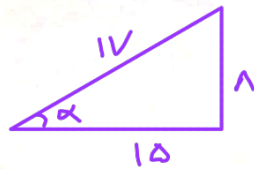
$\frac{r - \sin 2\alpha}{r - \cos 2\alpha} = \frac{r - \cos 2\alpha}{r - \sin 2\alpha} \rightarrow \cos 2\alpha = \sin 2\alpha$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{p}$  
 $\sin(\frac{90}{p} + \alpha) \cos(\frac{90}{p} - \alpha) - \tan(\alpha - \frac{90}{p}) \cos \alpha = -\frac{r}{p}$  (2)  
 $\cos \alpha = -\frac{r}{p}$   
 $\sin \alpha = -\frac{r}{p}$   
 $\cos \alpha = -\frac{r}{p}$   
 $\sin \alpha = -\frac{r}{p}$   
 $\cot \alpha = \frac{p}{r}$

$(\cos \frac{90}{p} + \sin \frac{90}{p} - \sin \frac{90}{p} - \cos \frac{90}{p}) \frac{r}{p}$  (2)  
 $\frac{r}{p} + \sin \frac{90}{p} - \cos \frac{90}{p} = \frac{r}{p}$   
 $\frac{r}{p} + \sin \frac{90}{p} - \cos \frac{90}{p} = \frac{r}{p}$   
 $\frac{r}{p} + \sin \frac{90}{p} - \cos \frac{90}{p} = \frac{r}{p}$   
 $\frac{r}{p} + \sin \frac{90}{p} - \cos \frac{90}{p} = \frac{r}{p}$   
 $\frac{r}{p} + \sin \frac{90}{p} - \cos \frac{90}{p} = \frac{r}{p}$   
 $\frac{r}{p} + \sin \frac{90}{p} - \cos \frac{90}{p} = \frac{r}{p}$

$\tan(\frac{90}{p}) = \frac{1}{\frac{r}{p}}$   
 $\frac{1}{\frac{r}{p}} = \frac{p}{r}$   
 $\frac{1}{\frac{r}{p}} = \frac{p}{r}$   
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$r \sin \alpha < r \sin \alpha$  (2)  
 $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$   
 $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$   
 $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$   
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 $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$   
 $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{p}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{p}} = \frac{r}{10}$    $\cos \alpha = \frac{10}{14}$  (9)  
 $\sin \alpha = \frac{r}{14}$

$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{-14}{10}$