

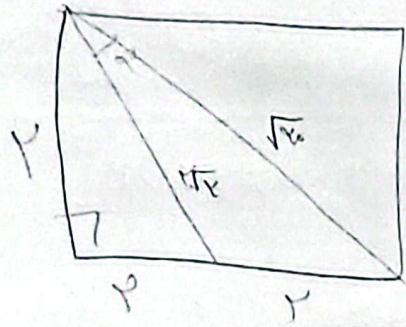
\sqrt{r}, Δ

$$\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \quad (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \Rightarrow \alpha = \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right)$$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_2} = r \quad \checkmark \quad (2)$$

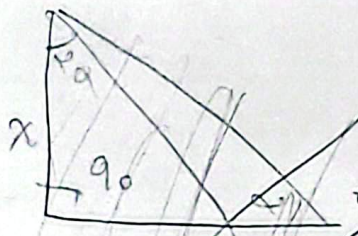
سوال نمبر 1
B پر جواب



$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha \times \frac{1}{r} \times r\sqrt{2} \times r\sqrt{2} = \frac{1 \times r}{r} \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow r\sqrt{2} \cdot \sin \alpha = r \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

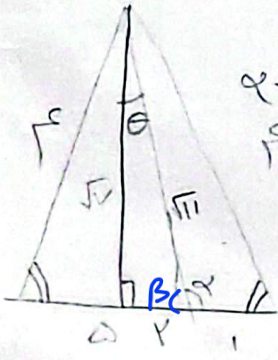
$$\Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{r\sqrt{2}}{r} = \sqrt{2} \quad \checkmark$$



~~$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{x}$~~

~~$\frac{r}{x} = \frac{r}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{x} = \frac{r}{x}$~~

~~$\Rightarrow r^2 = x^2 - r^2 \Rightarrow x^2 + r^2 = 0$~~



$$\alpha = 90^\circ + \theta \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = \cot \theta \Rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \tan \alpha \quad (1, VA)$$

$$\tan \alpha = \tan(\pi - \beta) = -\tan \beta = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \Rightarrow \left| \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha} \right| = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\cos^r a + \epsilon \sin^r a}{\dots} = \frac{\cos^r a - \cancel{\epsilon \cos^r a} + \epsilon}{\cancel{r - \cos^r a}}$$

(T)

$$\Rightarrow -(r - \cos^r a) + (r - \sin^r a) = \boxed{\cos^r a - \sin^r a} = \text{GST}_\alpha$$

(V)

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

(1, VA)

$$\Rightarrow \tan \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\cos \alpha \times (-\sin \alpha) + \cos \alpha = -\frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r}{r} = \boxed{1}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{r} \sin \frac{\pi}{4}}{14} - \frac{\sqrt{r} \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{14} + \frac{14 \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{14 \cdot 14}$$

①

②

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \frac{\pi}{4} &= \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right) = \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{4}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{4-2}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right) &= \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \left(\frac{1}{r} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{r} \right) &= \frac{\sqrt{r} + 1}{\sqrt{r}} \end{aligned}$$

$$-1 + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

③

④

$$\tan \left(\frac{a}{r} \right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\tan r = \frac{r + \tan r}{1 - \tan r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan a = \frac{r \tan \frac{a}{r}}{1 - \tan \frac{a}{r}} \Rightarrow \tan a = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{18}{14}} = \frac{14}{18}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \sin a &= \frac{14}{14} \quad \cos = \frac{18}{14} \Rightarrow \frac{14}{18} - \frac{14}{14} \\ &= \frac{14}{-108} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{14}{-108}$$

$$\frac{\cos \delta \varphi}{\sin^2 \varphi} > 0 \Rightarrow \cos \delta \varphi > 0$$

(10)
(r)

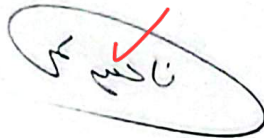
$$r \sin \alpha < \sin^2 \varphi \Rightarrow r \sin \alpha < r \sin \alpha \cos \delta \varphi$$

$$\Rightarrow r \sin \alpha (1 - \cos \delta \varphi) < 0$$

$$|1 - \cos \delta \varphi| \Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

$$\sin \alpha > 0$$

$$\cos \delta \varphi > 0 \Rightarrow$$

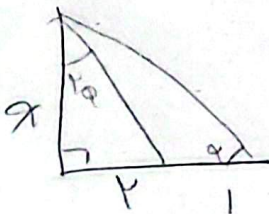
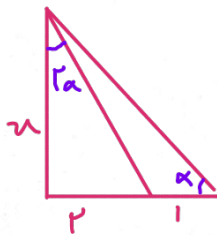


$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{u}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{u}{r}$$

$$\frac{r}{u} = \frac{r(\frac{u}{r})}{1 - \frac{u^2}{r^2}} \rightarrow u = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\cot \alpha = r$$



$$\cot \alpha = \frac{r}{1} \checkmark$$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \varphi}{r \cos \delta \varphi}$$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{r}{1} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{r}{1} = \frac{\frac{r^2 - 1}{r^2}}{\frac{r}{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{1} = \frac{r^2 - 1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 - 1 = r \Rightarrow r^2 - r - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cot \alpha = \frac{r}{1} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$$