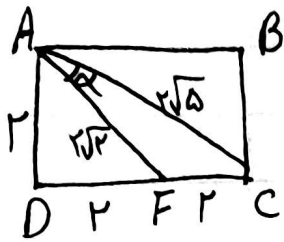


$$S = \frac{1}{2} AB \sin \alpha \Rightarrow 9 = 4\sqrt{3} \sin \alpha \quad (1)$$

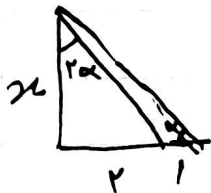
$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{3\pi}{4} \end{array} \right\} \frac{\frac{3\pi}{4}}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = 3$$



$$AC = \sqrt{4+16} = 2\sqrt{5} \text{ و } AF = 2\sqrt{2}$$

فرض کنیم α $\Rightarrow r = 1 + r_0 - 1\sqrt{10} \cos \alpha$

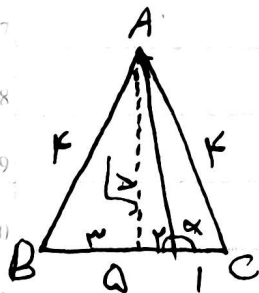
$$\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{\sqrt{10}} \rightarrow \rightarrow \triangle \Rightarrow \cot \alpha = 3$$



$$\Rightarrow \tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{r}{x} \quad (1)$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{x}{r} \Rightarrow (1) \rightarrow \frac{2x}{\frac{r}{x}} = \frac{4x}{r-x} = \frac{r}{x}$$

$$1x^2 = 1r \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{r}{2}} = \frac{r}{2} \Rightarrow \cot \alpha = \frac{r}{x} = 2$$



$$\tan(\pi - \alpha) = -\tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{V}}{r}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{V}}{r}$$

$$r \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha \Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r-1}{r} \quad (2)$$

$$\xrightarrow{(1), (2)} \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r-1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha + r \cos^2 \alpha - r \sin^2 \alpha \quad (9) \\ & \text{Jawab} \rightarrow \frac{r + \sin^2 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha}{(\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha) - \sin^2 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha} = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha \sin^2 \alpha \\ & \Rightarrow \frac{(\sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha) + r(\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha) + (\sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha)(1 - \cos^2 \alpha \sin^2 \alpha)}{r + \sin^2 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r + \sin^2 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha}{r + \sin^2 \alpha \cos^2 \alpha} (\sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha) = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \boxed{\cos 2\alpha}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4} - \alpha\right) - \tan\left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \quad (10)$$

$$\Rightarrow -\cos \alpha \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{w} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} r \\ \alpha \\ w \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{Moli}} -\left(-\frac{r}{\Delta}\right) \left(-\frac{r}{\Delta}\right) + \frac{r}{r} = \boxed{0/V}$$

$$r \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{r} \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \quad (11)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{r} \left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \right) = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} - r \sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} - 1 = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\tan(\alpha) = \frac{r \times \frac{1}{r}}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^r} = \frac{\frac{r}{r}}{\frac{1}{19}} = \frac{1}{19} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 19 \\ \alpha \\ 19 \end{array} \quad (12)$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{19} - \frac{1}{19}}{\frac{1}{19} - \frac{1}{19}} = \boxed{\frac{-19}{10\Delta}}$$

$$r \sin \alpha < r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \sin \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha > 0 \quad (13)$$

$$\circ \langle \sin \alpha (\cos \alpha - 1) \Rightarrow \sin \alpha \langle 0 \rangle \circ \langle \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \cot \alpha \langle 0 \rangle \circ$$

$$\textcircled{1}, \textcircled{2} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} r \\ \alpha \\ w \end{array}$$