

$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \alpha$ $\frac{a = \sqrt{5}}{b = 4 \sin \alpha}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times \sqrt{5} \times \sin \alpha = 5 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{5}{2\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$
 $S_{ABC} = 5 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$
 $\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha_1 = \frac{\pi}{2} = 90^\circ$ $\alpha_2 = \frac{\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}}{2} = 45^\circ$
 $\frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_1} = \frac{\frac{\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}}{2}}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$

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$S_{AED} = \frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 14 \times \sin \alpha = 11 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{11}{42}$
 $S_{AED} = \frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 14 \times \sin \alpha = 11 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{11}{42}$
 $\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{11}{42} = \frac{\pi}{11}$ $\cos \alpha = \frac{12}{11}$
 $\cot \alpha = \frac{12}{11} = \sqrt{9} = 3$

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$\tan \alpha = \frac{m}{n}$ $\tan \alpha = \frac{m}{n}$
 $\tan \alpha = \frac{m}{n} \Rightarrow \frac{m}{n} = \frac{m}{n} \Rightarrow \frac{m}{n} = \frac{m}{n}$
 $4m = 12 - 2m \Rightarrow 6m = 12 \Rightarrow m = 2$
 $n = \frac{12}{2} = 6$
 $\cot \alpha = \frac{n}{m} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$

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$\tan \alpha \Rightarrow \tan(\alpha + \alpha) = -\tan(\alpha)$
 $\tan(\alpha - \alpha) = \tan(\beta) = -\tan(\alpha)$ $\tan \beta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} = -\tan(\alpha) \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{3}$

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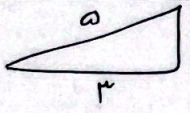
$\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m = \frac{5}{4} \Rightarrow \sin^2 m + \sin^2 m + \cos^2 m = \frac{5}{4} \Rightarrow \sin^2 m = \frac{1}{4}$
 $\cos^2 m + \sin^2 m = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 m + \frac{1}{4} = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 m = \frac{3}{4}$
 $\tan m = \frac{\sin m}{\cos m} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

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$$\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m = 1 = 1 - \sin^2 m$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{(1 - \cos^2 m) + \cos^2 m}{1 + \cos^2 m} - \frac{(1 - \sin^2 m) + \sin^2 m}{1 + \sin^2 m} = \frac{1 + \cos^2 m - 1 - \sin^2 m}{1 + \cos^2 m} - \frac{1 + \sin^2 m - 1 - \sin^2 m}{1 + \sin^2 m} = \frac{\cos^2 m - \sin^2 m}{1 + \cos^2 m} - \frac{-\sin^2 m}{1 + \sin^2 m} = \frac{\cos^2 m - \sin^2 m + \sin^2 m}{1 + \cos^2 m} = \frac{\cos^2 m}{1 + \cos^2 m}$$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{p}$ α (مربع)
 $\sin \alpha = \frac{r}{h}$
 $\cos \alpha = \frac{p}{h}$

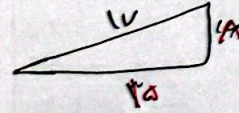


$\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{p^2}{h^2}$
 $\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{r^2}{h^2}$

$\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) (\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha) - \tan(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4})) = -\cos \alpha \sin \alpha + \cot \alpha = -(\frac{r}{h} \cdot \frac{r}{h}) + \frac{p}{r} = -\frac{r^2}{h^2} + \frac{p}{r} = \frac{-r^2 + ph}{h^2} = \frac{-r^2 + r \cdot \frac{h^2}{r}}{h^2} = \frac{-r^2 + r^2}{h^2} = 0$

$\sqrt{r} \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{r} \sin \frac{\pi}{4} - \sqrt{r} \cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \sqrt{r} \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{r} (\sin \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{\pi}{4})$
 $\frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{r} (\frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4})) = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} + r (\sin(-\frac{\pi}{4})) = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} + r (-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan(\frac{\pi}{4})}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{r \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\frac{r}{\sqrt{2}}}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{2}{1} = \frac{2r}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}r$



$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{h} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $\Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{p}{h} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{0}{0}$

$\sin \alpha < \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$
 $\sin \alpha - \sin \alpha \cos \alpha < 0$
 $\sin \alpha (1 - \cos \alpha) < 0 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$

$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > 0 \Rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$