

IV, 2

$\boxed{KA}$   $B_{r=0} = \pm$   $\text{Basis}$   $\text{norm}$  ①

$$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{|\sin \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha > 0$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow \text{min} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \text{max} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < \sin \alpha < 1 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < \frac{m-1}{f} < 1 \Rightarrow -\sqrt{2} < m-1 < f \Rightarrow -1 < m < f+1$$

$m \in (-1, f+1]$

$\tan x - \tan(x+\theta) = \dots$   
 $\tan x = -\tan(x+\theta)$   
 $\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = -\frac{\sin(x+\theta)}{\cos(x+\theta)}$   
 $\sin x \cos(x+\theta) = -\sin(x+\theta) \cos x$   
 $\sin x \cos x \cos \theta + \sin^2 x \sin \theta = -\sin x \cos x \cos \theta - \sin^2(x+\theta) \sin \theta$   
 $2 \sin x \cos x \cos \theta + \sin^2(x+\theta) \sin \theta = \sin^2 x \sin \theta$   
 $2 \sin x \cos x \cos \theta = \sin^2 x \sin \theta - \sin^2(x+\theta) \sin \theta$   
 $2 \sin x \cos x \cos \theta = \sin \theta (\sin^2 x - \sin^2(x+\theta))$   
 $2 \sin x \cos x \cos \theta = \sin \theta (\sin x - \sin(x+\theta))(\sin x + \sin(x+\theta))$   
 $2 \sin x \cos x \cos \theta = \sin \theta (\sin x - \sin x \cos \theta - \cos x \sin \theta)(\sin x + \sin x \cos \theta + \cos x \sin \theta)$   
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$\cos \theta = \frac{h}{r} \Rightarrow h = r \cos \theta$   
 $\Rightarrow h = r$   
 $r + r \cos \theta = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{(1 + \cos \theta) r}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow 1 + \cos \theta = 1 \Rightarrow \cos \theta = 0 \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\tan(\pi/4 + \theta) - \tan(\pi/4 - \theta) = \sin(\pi/4 + \theta) \cos(\pi/4 - \theta) - \cos(\pi/4 + \theta) \sin(\pi/4 - \theta) = \sin(\theta)$$

$$\sqrt{2} \cos(\pi/4) \frac{\sin(\pi/4 + \theta) - \sin(\pi/4 - \theta)}{\cos(\pi/4)} = A$$

$$\Rightarrow A = -\cos(\pi/4) \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos(\pi/4) - \sqrt{2} \sin(\pi/4)}{-1} \right) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cos(\pi/4)$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \times \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{2} + \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \times \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \times \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{\sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)} = \frac{1 - \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{1} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}}{1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{z}{\mu}}{r - \sqrt{r^2 - z^2}} = \frac{\mu}{r(r - \sqrt{r^2 - z^2})} = \frac{r + \sqrt{r^2 - z^2}}{r} = f(\frac{z}{r})$$

∧

$$\sin \alpha = r + r \sin \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta \sin \alpha = -r \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{z}{r} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2}}{r}$$

(5, 1)

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{z}{r} = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}} \Rightarrow r - r \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} = \tan \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow r \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} + \tan \alpha - r = 0 \Rightarrow \tan \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{r^2 - z^2}{r^2}}}{z} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{z}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow z = 1$$

$$\frac{\pi}{r} < \frac{z}{r} < \frac{r\pi}{r} \rightarrow \text{نصف دائرة}$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{r}\right] = 0$$

$$\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{r \cos \frac{\alpha}{r}}{r \sin \frac{\alpha}{r} \cos \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \cos \frac{\alpha}{r}$$

(2) (9)

$$\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \text{crossed out}$$

$$\Rightarrow r \cos \frac{\alpha}{r} = 1 - \cos \frac{\alpha}{r} \Rightarrow \boxed{r = 2}$$

(1) (10)

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{91}}{10} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{91}}{10}$$

$$\cos \left( \frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha \right) = \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos \alpha - \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin \alpha$$

(11)

$$\frac{1}{\sin x \cos x} = -r \Rightarrow \sin x \cos x = -\frac{1}{r}$$

(1, 2)

$$\sin x > 0 \quad \cos x < 0 \quad \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^r = 1 + \frac{r}{f}$$

$$(\sin x - \cos x)^r = 1 - \frac{r}{f}$$

$$\sin x + \cos x = \sqrt{1 - \frac{r}{f}}$$

$$\sin x - \cos x = \sqrt{1 + \frac{r}{f}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin x = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{f}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{f}}}{2}$$

$$\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{f}} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{f}}}{2}$$

$$\left( \sin x + \cos x \right)^{\frac{r}{f}} \left( 1 - \sin x \cos x \right)^{\frac{r}{f}} = \frac{r}{f} \sqrt{\frac{r}{f}}$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^r = 1 + r \sin x \cos x$$

$$= 1 + r \left( -\frac{1}{r} \right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} < u < \pi \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} < u < \pi \quad \sin u + \cos u < 0 \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\sin^r u + \cos^r u = (\sin u + \cos u)(\sin^{r-1} u + \cos^{r-1} u - \sin u \cos u) = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \left( \frac{r}{r} \right)$$

$$\hookrightarrow 1 - \left( -\frac{1}{r} \right) = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin^r u + \cos^r u} = \boxed{\frac{-r \sqrt{r}}{r}}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 14 \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \quad -v$$

$$\cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1 + \cancel{\cos\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}}{r} \rightarrow \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{r + \sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 14 \left(\frac{r + \sqrt{r}}{r}\right) \times \frac{r}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} = \boxed{\frac{r(r + \sqrt{r})}{14}}$$

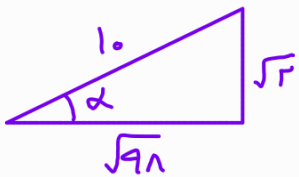
$$\sin u = \frac{r \tan \frac{u}{r}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{u}{r}} = \frac{-r}{2} \rightarrow 1 \cdot \tan \frac{u}{r} = -r - r \tan^2 \frac{u}{r} \quad -\wedge$$

$$\rightarrow \tan \frac{u}{r} = \frac{-1}{r} \times ! \text{عنه}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\tan \frac{u}{r} = -r} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) = \cos\left(r\pi - \frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) = -\cos\left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{r}\right) \quad -10$$

$$= -\left(\cos \alpha \cos \frac{\pi}{r} + \sin \alpha \sin \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} (\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha)$$



$$\xrightarrow{\text{مقابل}} \cos \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{r}}{1.0}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} (\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha) = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{1.0} + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{1.0}\right) = \frac{r}{2}$$