

1A, VA

موضوعی کاظمی یازدہم پسر

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos \alpha}} - \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \quad (1)$$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}} \rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}}$$

$\cos \alpha > 0$ (2)

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \sin \alpha > 0$$

$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}} > 0$

ناہی ادل ✓

$$-\frac{\pi}{18} < m < \frac{\pi}{18}$$

$$\sin m = \frac{m-1}{4}$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{9} < m < \frac{\pi}{9}$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} < \sin m < 1 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} < \frac{m-1}{4} < 1$$

$$-2 < m-1 < 4$$

$$-1 < m < 5 \rightarrow |m-1| - 2 < m-1$$

$m-1 < 4$
 $m < 5$

$$\tan m + \cot m = -2 \quad 3\pi < m < 5\pi$$

$$\frac{\sin m}{\cos m} + \frac{\cos m}{\sin m} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin \cos m} = -2 \rightarrow \sin m \cos m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

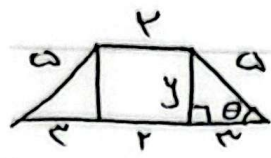
$$\frac{1}{\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m} \rightarrow (\sin m + \cos m)(1 - \sin \cos m) = \frac{1}{\sin m + \cos m}$$

$$\sin m + \cos m + 1 + \sin \cos m = \frac{1}{\sin m + \cos m} \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} < m < \pi$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{2} + t} \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{\pi + t} \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{\pi + t} - \sqrt{\pi} \rightarrow \frac{-\pi\sqrt{\pi}}{\pi}$$

✓

دراویں



$$\cos \theta = 0,9 = \frac{m}{a} \rightarrow m = r$$

$$\sin \theta = 0,1 = \frac{y}{a} \rightarrow y = (r = h)$$

$$\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m = 1 \rightarrow \sin m = 0,1$$

$$\frac{r(1+r)}{r} = r_0$$

$$\tan(100^\circ) \tan(-14^\circ) - \sin(109^\circ) \cos(100^\circ) =$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{5\pi}{4} + \omega\right) \tan(-\pi + \omega) - \sin(4\pi + \omega) \cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{4} - \omega\right) =$$

$$-\cot \omega \tan \omega - (\sin \omega - \sin \omega) + \sin \omega = -\cos^2 \omega$$

$$r = -1$$

$$A = \sqrt{r} \cos(10^\circ) \sin(10^\circ) - \sqrt{r} \sin(10^\circ) \cos(10^\circ)$$

$$\frac{r}{r} + 1 = \frac{+1}{r}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \quad f(m) = 14 \cos^2(2m) \cos^2(4m) \cos^2(8m)$$

$$\sin^2(2m) \rightarrow 14 \left(\frac{\sin^2 m}{r} \right) \left(\frac{\sin^2 2m}{2r} \right) \left(\frac{\sin^2 4m}{4r} \right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{r} \sin^2(2m) \cos^2(2m)}{\sin^2(2m)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{14} \frac{\sin^2(2m)}{\sin^2(2m)}$$

$$\frac{r}{14(\sqrt{9-4r})^2} \leftarrow \frac{1}{14} \times \frac{r}{\sqrt{9-4r}}$$

دانویں

$m \rightarrow$ ربع سوم

$$\frac{1 - \sin m}{1 + \sin m} = \epsilon \quad (2)$$

(1)

$$\tan \frac{m}{r}$$

$$r + \epsilon \sin m = 1 - \sin m \Rightarrow \sin m = \frac{1 - r - \epsilon \sin m}{1 + \epsilon \sin m}$$

$$\frac{-\epsilon}{1 + \epsilon \sin m} = \cos m \Rightarrow \tan m = \frac{\epsilon}{1 + \epsilon \sin m}$$

$$\tan m = \frac{r + \tan \frac{m}{r}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{m}{r}} \rightarrow \frac{\epsilon}{1 + \epsilon \sin m} = \frac{r + \tan \frac{m}{r}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{m}{r}} \rightarrow r \epsilon^2 - 1 + \epsilon^2 = 0$$

$$(\epsilon + 1)(\epsilon - 1) = 0$$

$$\epsilon = -1 \quad \epsilon = 1$$

$\alpha_0 \leftarrow \frac{\pi}{r} < m < \frac{r\pi}{r} = \pi$

$$K \cot \frac{\theta}{r}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} + \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

(4)

(2)

$$\frac{\sin^2 \theta + 1 - \cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta - \cos \theta \sin \theta} \rightarrow \frac{r \sin \theta}{\sin \theta (1 - \cos \theta)} = \frac{r \sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta}$$

$$\frac{r (r \sin \theta \cos \theta)}{1 - (1 - r \sin \frac{\theta}{r})} \rightarrow r \cot \frac{\theta}{r} = K = r$$

$\alpha \rightarrow$ ربع اول

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{10}$$

(10)

(2)

$$\cos \left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) \Rightarrow \cos \left(\frac{r\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{6} \alpha - \frac{\sqrt{r}}{6}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{10} \alpha \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow \frac{r}{10}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 14 \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1 + \cancel{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)} \sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow \cos^r\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{r + \sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 14 \left(\frac{r + \sqrt{r}}{r}\right) \times \frac{r}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} = \boxed{\frac{r(r + \sqrt{r})}{14}}$$