

شماره تلفن: ۲۸

کلاس: یازدهم پیر

۲۰ افزین!

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$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos \alpha}} = \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

برای سادگی شدن طرفین نیاز است $\cos \alpha$ مثبت باشد لذا در انتزاع باید α را از $(\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2})$ انتخاب کنیم.

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$$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{|\sin \alpha|} \Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} \cos \alpha < 0 \text{ پس نیاز است} \\ \sin \alpha \text{ نیز مثبت باشد} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \text{در انتزاع هر دو مثبت.}$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{12} < \alpha < \frac{5\pi}{12} \Rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{3} < 2\alpha < \frac{5\pi}{6} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} < \sin 2\alpha < \frac{1}{2}$$

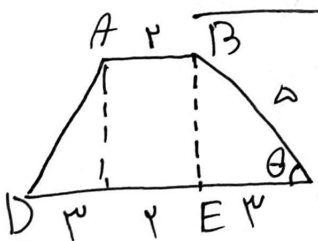
$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} < \frac{m-1}{5} < \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow -2 < m-1 < 2 \Rightarrow -1 < m < 3 \Rightarrow m \in (-1, 3)$$

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$$\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = -2 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = -2 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha)^2 = \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha + 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{6} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})} = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{3}(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})}$$



$$\Rightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{4}{5} \Rightarrow \frac{EC}{BC} = \frac{4}{5} \Rightarrow EC = 4$$

$$\sin \theta = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta} = \frac{3}{5} \Rightarrow \frac{BE}{BC} = \frac{3}{5} \Rightarrow BE = 3$$

$$S_{\text{متوسط}} = \frac{1}{2} \times (AB + DC) \times h \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times (1+x) \times 5 = 10 \Rightarrow x = 3$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{6} + \alpha) \times \tan(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) - \sin(\alpha) \times \cos(\frac{\pi}{6} - \alpha) = K \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow -\cot(\alpha) \times \tan(\alpha) - \sin(\alpha) \times -\sin(\alpha) = K \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow K = -1$$

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$$A = \sqrt{r} \cos(\gamma - \alpha) \times \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - \gamma) - \sqrt{r} \sin(\gamma - \alpha) \times \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - \gamma)$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \sqrt{r} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times \cos(\gamma - \alpha) - \sqrt{r} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times \sin(\gamma - \alpha) \Rightarrow -\frac{r}{r} \times \cos(\gamma - \alpha) + \cos(\gamma - \alpha) \leq$$

(r)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} \cos(\gamma - \alpha) + \cos(\gamma - \alpha) = \frac{2}{r} \cos(\gamma - \alpha) = A \Rightarrow \frac{A}{\cos(\gamma - \alpha)} = \frac{2}{r}$$

$$f(\alpha) = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{(1 + \cos \alpha)}{r} \times \frac{(1 + \cos 2\alpha)}{r} \times \frac{(1 + \cos 4\alpha)}{r} \times \frac{(1 + \cos 8\alpha)}{r}$$

(r)

$$f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = (1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{4}) \times (1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2}) \times (1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2}) \times (1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{4}) \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}) (1 + \frac{1}{r}) (1 - \frac{1}{r}) (1 - \frac{1}{r}) = \frac{5 + r\sqrt{r}}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{1 + \sin \alpha} = \frac{r}{s} \Rightarrow 1 - \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{s} (1 + \sin \alpha) \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{-r}{s} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{-s}{r}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{s} \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{r}{s} \Rightarrow r \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} + 1 \tan \alpha - r = 0$$

(r)

$$\Rightarrow \tan \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm 1}{s} = -\frac{r}{s}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} + \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{\sin^2 \theta + (1 - \cos^2 \theta)}{(1 - \cos \theta) \sin \theta} = \frac{r \sin^2 \theta}{(1 - \cos \theta) \sin \theta} = \frac{r \times r \sin^2 \theta \cos \theta}{r \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$= r \cot \frac{\theta}{2} \Rightarrow K = r$$

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$$\cos(\frac{11\pi}{5} + \alpha) = \cos(\frac{11\pi}{5}) \cos \alpha - \sin(\frac{11\pi}{5}) \sin \alpha \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{10} \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{r}}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{-\sqrt{r}}{r} \times \frac{-\sqrt{r}}{10} \right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{10} \right) = \frac{5}{10}$$

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