

<p>الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x-3) = f(2) - 3 = 1$</p>	<p>ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x-3) = f(2) - 3 = 1$</p>	<p>۱</p>
<p>الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f[x] - 3 = f(2) - 3 = 1$</p>	<p>ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f[x] + 3 = f(1) - 3 = 1$</p>	<p>۲</p>
<p>الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} [f(x-3)] = [1^+] = 1$</p>	<p>ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} [f(x-3)] = [1^-] = 0$</p>	<p>۳</p>
<p>الف) $\left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x-3) \right] = [1-3] = 1$</p>	<p>ب) $\left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x-3) \right] = 1$</p>	<p>۴</p>
<p>$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{f(x-3)}{x-3} = \frac{9}{0^+} \rightarrow$ منهای</p> <p>$\rightarrow \begin{cases} \xrightarrow{3^+} \frac{9}{0^+} = +\infty \\ \xrightarrow{3^-} \frac{9}{0^-} = -\infty \end{cases}$</p>	<p>$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{f(x-3)}{(x-3)^2} = \frac{9}{0^+} \rightarrow$ منهای</p> <p>$\rightarrow \begin{cases} \xrightarrow{3^+} \frac{9}{0^+} = +\infty \\ \xrightarrow{3^-} \frac{9}{0^+} = +\infty \end{cases}$</p>	<p>۵</p>

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{f(x-3)}{\sqrt{x-3}} = \text{دنيا}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow \frac{9}{0^+} = +\infty \\ x^- \rightarrow 0^- \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{f(x-3)}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 3}} = \text{دنيا}$$

$$(x-3)(x-1) \leftarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow \frac{9}{0^+} = +\infty \\ x^- \rightarrow \frac{9}{0^-} = 0^- \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{f(x-3)}{x^2 - 4x + 11} \rightarrow \text{دنيا}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \hookrightarrow (x-3)(x-1) \\ & \hookrightarrow \begin{array}{c|c|c} x & 3 & 1 \\ \hline 2 & + & - & + \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow \frac{9}{0^-} = -\infty \\ x^- \rightarrow \frac{9}{0^+} = +\infty \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x-3)}{[x-3]} \rightarrow \text{دنيا}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow \frac{9}{[0^+]} = \frac{9}{0} = 0^- \\ x^- \rightarrow \frac{9}{[0^-]} = \frac{9}{-1} = -9 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} [3x] + [-2x] = 2$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow [9^+] + [-6^-] = 9 - 6 = 2 \\ x^- \rightarrow [9^-] + [-6^+] = 8 - 6 = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} [-5x] + [2x] = 11$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow [+20^+] + [-12^+] = 20 - 12 = 8 \\ x^- \rightarrow [20^-] + [-12^-] = 20 - 12 = 8 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} [x^2 - 4x] = -4$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow [-4^+] = -4 \\ x^- \rightarrow [-4^-] = -4 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} [-x^2 + 4x] = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow [9^-] = 1 \\ x^- \rightarrow [9^-] = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{|x-1|}{x^2 - 4x + 4} \rightarrow \text{دنيا}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \hookrightarrow (x-1)(x-1) \\ & \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{(x+1)(x-1)} = \frac{1}{x+1} = 1 \\ x^- \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow -\frac{x-1}{(x+1)(x-1)} = -1 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x - [x]}{(x-1)(x+1)} \rightarrow \text{دنيا}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^+ \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{1}{x+1} = \frac{1}{2} \\ x^- \rightarrow \frac{x}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty \end{cases}$$