

$$f(n) = \sqrt{\frac{n^2 - 2n + 1 - n^2}{n(n-1)}} = \sqrt{\frac{-2n+1}{n(n-1)}}$$

الف) ۱
 $\Rightarrow D = (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, 1)$
 ۱,۷۵

$$f(n) = \frac{\frac{n-n-1}{n(n+1)}}{\frac{n^2+n-n-1}{(n+2)(n-1)}} = \frac{-1}{\frac{n(n+1)}{(n+2)(n-1)}}$$

۱- وقتی مبداء منتهی به فقط
 کافیه ریشه های خارج را حذف
 ریشه ها را حذف کنید و باید باشد چه
 مخرج را در نظر بگیرید!
 $\Rightarrow D = (-2, -\frac{5}{2}) \cup (-1, 0) \cup (1, +\infty)$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{(2^n - 3^2)(2^5 - 2^2n)}$$

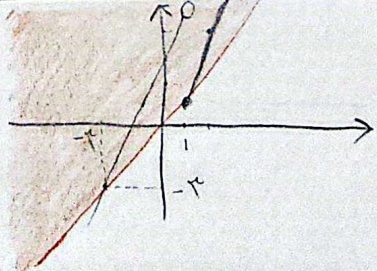
الف) ۲
 $\Rightarrow D = (-\infty, -2] \cup [\frac{5}{2}, +\infty)$
 ۱,۲۵

۱- $\Rightarrow \sqrt{y+1} = -\sqrt{n-1} + 2 \Rightarrow y+1 = (-\sqrt{n-1} + 2)^2 \Rightarrow y = (-\sqrt{n-1} + 2)^2 - 1$
 $n-1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \geq 1 \Rightarrow D = [1, +\infty)$
 $\sqrt{n-1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \leq 12 \Rightarrow D = [1, 12]$
 نکته این سوال خیلی مهمه
 حتی با سیمانه را بخوان

۲
 $n^2 - n - 2 > 0 \Rightarrow (n-2)(n+1) > 0 \Rightarrow n \in (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$ ①
 $n^2 - 1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow n^2 \geq 1 \Rightarrow n \in (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$ ②
 $\sqrt{n^2 - 1} + 1 \neq \Rightarrow \sqrt{n^2 - 1} \neq -1 \Rightarrow n \in \mathbb{R}$ ③
 $\Rightarrow D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$ ✓

۳
 $n = -2 \Rightarrow 2 + (-2)a - (-2)^2 = -2a - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{2}$ ✓
 $-n^2 - \frac{n}{f} + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow n^2 + n - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow n = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4(-1)(4)}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2} \Rightarrow n < \frac{-1 + \sqrt{17}}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow b = \frac{2}{f} \Rightarrow a + b = -\frac{1}{f} + \frac{2}{f} = 1$ ✓

۵
 $f(n) - n \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \leq f(n)$
 $f(n)$
 $n \leq f(n)$
 $\Rightarrow D = [-2, +\infty)$ ✓



$$f(a) = (a+1)(a+r) \cdot \forall a, r \Rightarrow rf(a) = (a+1)r$$

$$f(-r) = r(a+r(-r)) = ra - r^2$$

$$rf(a) = f(-r) + a \Rightarrow (a+1)r = ra - r^2 + a \Rightarrow (a+1)r = ra - r^2 + a \Rightarrow 1 \cdot a = -1 \Rightarrow a = -1$$

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(7)

$$r + \sqrt{r} = a \quad (r + \sqrt{r})(r - \sqrt{r}) = (-r, 1) \Rightarrow r - \sqrt{r} = \frac{1}{r + \sqrt{r}} = \frac{1}{a} \quad a + \frac{1}{a} = r + \sqrt{r} + r - \sqrt{r} = 2r$$

$$(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{a}})^2 = a + \frac{1}{a} + 2 = 2 + 2 = 4 \Rightarrow \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{a}} = 2$$

$$f(a) + f\left(\frac{1}{a}\right) = \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{a}} + r + \sqrt{\frac{1}{a}} + \sqrt{a} + r = 2(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{a}}) + 2r = 2 \cdot 2 + 2 = 6$$

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$$\begin{aligned} rf(n) - rf(-n) &= (n^2 - n) \xrightarrow{\times r} r(n^2 - n) \\ rf(-n) - rf(n) &= (-n)^2 - (-n) = (n^2 + n) \xrightarrow{\times r} r(n^2 + n) \\ \Rightarrow rf(n) - r(n^2 + n) &= r(n^2 - n) \Rightarrow -2rn = r(n^2 + n) \Rightarrow f(n) = \frac{r(n^2 + n)}{-2} \end{aligned}$$

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(7)

$$n = 0 \quad rf(0) = rm - 1 \Rightarrow rf(0) = 9m - 1$$

$$n = -r \quad -rf(-r)f(0) = rf(0) = (-r)^2 - m(-r) + rm - 1 = 1r + rm + rm - 1 = 1a + 2m$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} rf(0) = 9m - 1 \\ rf(0) = 1a + 2m \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2m + 1a = 9m - 1 \Rightarrow 1a = 7m - 1 \Rightarrow m = \frac{a+1}{7}$$

9

(7)

$$f(0) = \frac{rm - 1}{r} = \frac{r\left(\frac{a+1}{7}\right) - 1}{r} = \frac{\frac{r(a+1)}{7} - 1}{r} = \frac{\frac{ra + r - 7}{7}}{r} = \frac{ra + r - 7}{7r}$$

$$f(-1) + f\left(\frac{1}{-1}\right) = rf(-1) = \frac{r(-1)^2 - 1r(-1) + r}{-1} = \frac{1a}{-1} = -1a \Rightarrow f(-1) = -9$$

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