

الف) $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x \rightarrow y-1 = x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x - 1 \rightarrow y-1 = (1-x)^3 \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{y-1} = 1-x$

$R_f = \mathbb{R}$ بدليل فريجون فرجيدو برابرا: $-\sqrt[3]{y-1} + 1 = x$

ب) $y = \frac{1}{x^2 - 2x} \rightarrow yx^2 - 2yx = 1 \rightarrow yx^2 - 2yx - 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta \text{ ليري}} x = \frac{2y \pm \sqrt{4y^2 + 4y}}{2y}$

$R_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup (0, +\infty)$ $x = \frac{y \pm \sqrt{y^2 + y}}{y}$

$y \neq 0, y^2 + y \geq 0$

$y(y+1) \geq 0$

الف) $x^2 - 4x + 10 \xrightarrow{a > 0} \begin{cases} x_{\min} = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2 \\ y_{\min} = 6 \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = [6, +\infty)$

ب) $y = -x^2 + 4x + 3 \xrightarrow{a < 0} \begin{cases} x_{\max} = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2 \\ y_{\max} = 11 \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, 11]$

ج) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 3} \xrightarrow{a > 0} \begin{cases} x_{\max} = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2 \\ y_{\max} = -5 \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = \sqrt{[0, +\infty)} = [0, +\infty)$

د) $y = \sqrt{4x - x^2} \xrightarrow{a < 0} \begin{cases} x_{\max} = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2 \\ y_{\max} = 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = \sqrt{[-\infty, 4]} = [0, 2]$

الف) $x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$

ب) $y = x^3 - 9x^2 + 14x + 1 \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$

ج) $y = \sqrt{x^3 - 9x^2 + 14x + 1} \rightarrow R_f = [0, +\infty)$

د) $y = (x^3 - 9x^2 + 14x + 1)^2$

الف) $y = \frac{3x+1}{x-2} \quad \frac{a}{c} = \frac{3}{1} = 3$

$R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{3\}$

ب) $y = \frac{3x+1}{x+1} \quad \frac{a}{c} = \frac{3}{1} = 3$

$R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{3\}$

