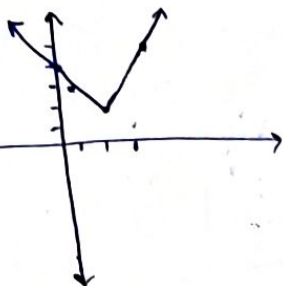


تدریس شماره ۷

عرفان حاجی علی زاده

الف:

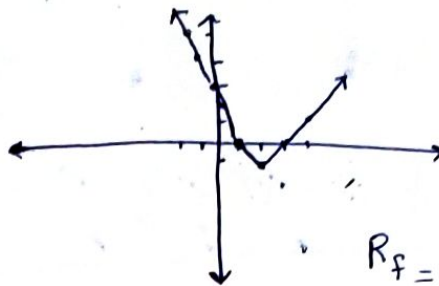
$$\frac{2}{4-x} \quad \frac{3x-4}{3x-4}$$



$$R_f = [2, +\infty)$$

ب:

$$\frac{0}{3-x} \quad \frac{1-x}{1-x} \quad \frac{2}{x-3}$$



$$R_f = [-1, +\infty)$$

تابع متعین ۷ است

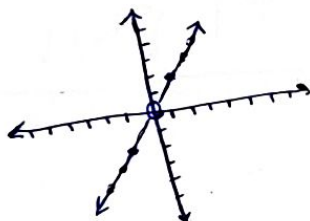
آنگاه که ریشه داشته باشد k باید بزرگترین مقدار برابر باشد $k = -3$

$$\frac{-2}{5-2x} \quad \frac{1}{1-4x} \quad \frac{2x-5}{2x-5}$$

$$[9, +\infty) \quad [-3, 9] \quad [-3, +\infty)$$

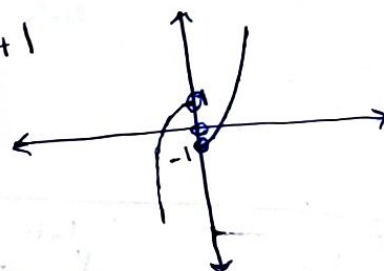
الف:

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow 2x \\ + &\rightarrow x+1 \\ - &\rightarrow x-1 \end{aligned}$$

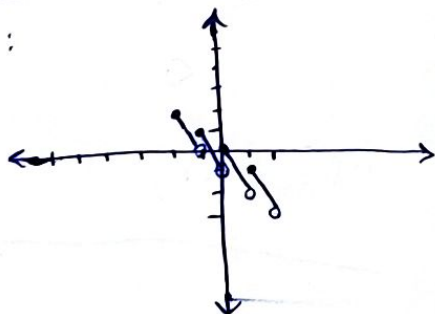


ب:

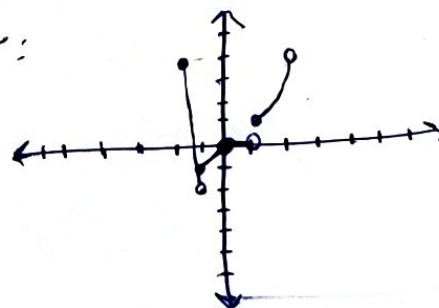
$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\rightarrow 2x \\ + &\rightarrow x^2-1 \\ - &\rightarrow -x^2+1 \end{aligned}$$



الف:



ب:



الف: $x - [x] \quad R_f = [0, 1)$

ب: $f(x - [x])$

$$R_f = [0, 4)$$

ج: $\omega(\frac{x}{\omega} - [\frac{x}{\omega}])$

د: $[x] - x$

$$R_f = [0, \omega)$$

$$R_f = (-1, 0]$$

الف: $-\sqrt{w^2 + r^2} + \sqrt{w^2 + r^2}$

$$R_f = [-\sqrt{w}, \sqrt{w}]$$

ج: $-\sqrt{r^2 + w^2} + \sqrt{r^2 + w^2}$

$$-\sqrt{r}, \sqrt{r}$$

$$R_f = \{-r, -w, -r, -r, \dots, r, w\}$$

د: $-\sqrt{r^2 + (-r)^2} + \sqrt{r^2 + (-r)^2}$

$$R_f = [w, w]$$

ه: $-\sqrt{1 + (-r)^2} + \sqrt{1 + (-r)^2}$

$$-\sqrt{w}, \sqrt{w}$$

$$R_f = [0, \sqrt{w}]$$

الف: $-1 \rightarrow 0$

$$1 \rightarrow 9$$

$$\frac{-b}{r_a} = \frac{-r}{r} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{r}$$

$$R_f = \left[\frac{-1}{r}, 9\right]$$

ب: $-1 \rightarrow 1$

$$1 \rightarrow \checkmark$$

$$\frac{-b}{r_a} \rightarrow \frac{-r}{r} \rightarrow \frac{V}{\lambda}$$

$$R_f = \left[\frac{V}{\lambda}, V\right]$$

الف: $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x + r \cos^2 x = 1 + r \cos^2 x$

$$\cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow 1$$

$$\cos^2 x = 1 \rightarrow r$$

$$R_f = [1, r]$$

ب: $1 + \cot^2 x = \frac{1}{\sin^2 x}$

$$\frac{r \cos x}{\sin x} \times \sin^2 x = r \cos x \sin x = \sin^2 x$$

$$R_f = [-1, 1]$$

الف: $r_k = 9$
 $k = r$

$$r^{1-k} = r^{-r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$R_f = \left[\frac{1}{r}, 1\right]$$

ب: $r_k = 1$
 $k = r$

$$r^{1-k} = r^{-r} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

داخل الـ $\left[\frac{1}{\lambda}, 1\right] \rightarrow R_f = \{0, 1\}$

الف: $(r^n + Vn - r) \times r \Rightarrow \frac{r^{n+1} + r^n - r}{r} = \frac{(r^{n+1} + r^n - r)}{r} = (n+r)(r^n - 1)$

$$\frac{(n+r)(r^n - 1)}{(n+r)} = r^n - 1$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{r\}$$

$$-r \times r - 1 = -9 \quad R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-9\}$$

ب: $\frac{(n+r)(r^n + 1 + n)}{(n+r)} = r^n + n + 1$



$$R_f = \left[\frac{r}{r}, +\infty\right)$$