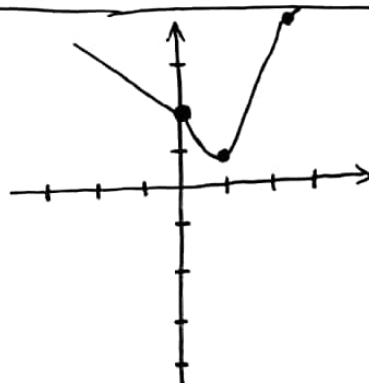


$$y = \frac{x^2 + \omega x + m}{x + 1}$$

-6

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2 & ; x \geq 2 \\ x^2 - 2x + 2 & ; 0 \leq x < 2 \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = 1 \\ |x| + 2 & ; x < 0 \end{cases}$$



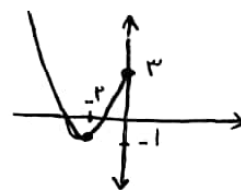
$$\Rightarrow R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

-V

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + \varepsilon x + 2 & x \leq 0 \\ [x] - 2x & x > 0 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{(x+2)(x+1)=0} \begin{matrix} -2 & -1 \end{matrix}$$

-A

$$I \cup II = [-1, +\infty)$$



$$\Rightarrow R_f = [-1, +\infty)$$

II

$$y = a + 1 - \sqrt{2x+3} \Rightarrow D_f = [b, +\infty)$$

-9

$$2x+3 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -\frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow x \geq -\frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow b = -\frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow ab = -\frac{3}{2} \times \varepsilon = -\varepsilon$$

$$a + 1 - \sqrt{2x - \frac{3}{2} + 3} = 0 \Rightarrow a + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow a = -1$$

$$f(x) = 2\sqrt{x+1} + \varepsilon\sqrt{1-x} \Rightarrow D_f = [-1, 1], R_f = [2\sqrt{2}, \varepsilon]$$

-10

$$f(x) + g(x) = 2\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{1-x^2}} \Rightarrow g(x) = 2\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{1-x^2}} - 2\sqrt{x+1} - \varepsilon\sqrt{1-x} \Rightarrow D_f = [-1, 1]$$

$$\Rightarrow R_f = [-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}]$$

$$y = \frac{f(x)}{\varepsilon} - \frac{g(x)}{2} = -\sqrt{1+2\sqrt{1-x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + 2\sqrt{1-x}}{2} \Rightarrow D_f = [-1, 1]$$

$$\Rightarrow R = [-2, -\frac{\varepsilon\sqrt{2}}{2}]$$

۱- $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}$ $g = \{(-1,1), (0,4), (1,0), (1,2)\}$

$2g - 3f = \{(-1,2), (0,8), (1,4)\} \rightarrow R = \{2, 4, 8\}$

$x = -1 \Rightarrow g(-1) = 1, f(-1) = 0$

$x = 0 \Rightarrow g(0) = 4, f(0) = 1$

$x = 1 \Rightarrow g(1) = 2, f(1) = 0$

۲- $f(x) = 2x-1 \Rightarrow D_f = [3, +\infty) \Rightarrow R_f = [5, +\infty)$

$g(x) = \frac{1}{x}x+3 \Rightarrow D_g = (-\infty, 3] \Rightarrow R_g = (-\infty, 4]$

$R_f \cup R_g = (-\infty, 4] \cup [5, +\infty) = \mathbb{R} - (4, 5)$

۳- $y = \frac{-x^2}{2} + x + 3$ $\frac{-x^2}{2} + x + 3 > \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow -x^2 + 2x + 6 > 3 \Rightarrow -x^2 + 2x + 3 > 0$
 $\Delta = 4 + 12 = 16$

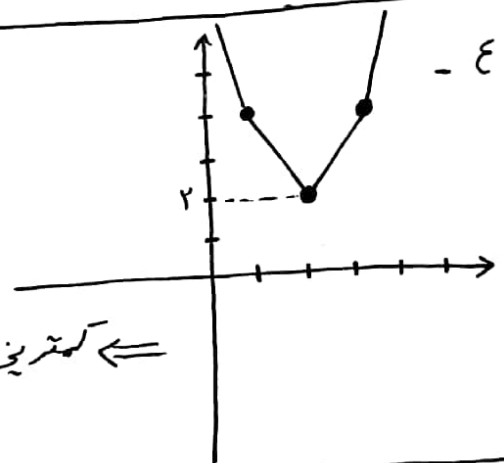
ریشه ها $= \frac{-2 \pm 4}{-2} = 3, -1 \Rightarrow$

-	+	-
-	ج	-

 $\Rightarrow (a, b) = (-1, 3)$
 $\Rightarrow a = -1, b = 3$

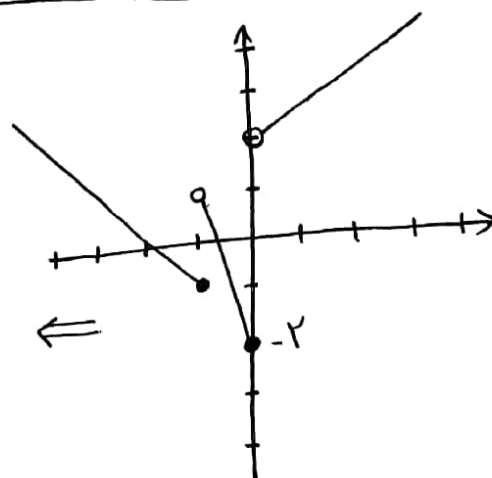
جواب: $\sqrt{b-a} = \sqrt{3-(-1)} = \sqrt{4} = 2$

$y = |x-1| + |x-3| + |2x-4| \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 4x-8 & x > 3 \\ 2x-2 & 1 < x < 3 \\ 4-2x & 1 < x < 2 \\ 8-4x & x < 1 \end{cases}$



← کمترین مقدار عبارت عدد ۲ است

۵- $y = |x| - 2|x+1| \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -x-2 & x > -1 \\ -3x-2 & 0 \leq x < -1 \\ x & x < 0 \end{cases}$



$R_f = [-2, +\infty)$ ←